

The Butcher Boy Says:

"There are no arguments about the Food Products that you buy at this store. We have no 'come-backs' on account of the quality of our goods. High quality is only one of the many features we claim. Strict cleanliness is another watchword with us.

Phone Number Two

Milk's Market

F. H. Milks

Motor Boating with a Rowboat

Any rowboat, a rented one if you wish, can be turned into a motor boat if you have an



Speed eight miles an hour and the propeller is weedless. It attaches to and detaches from any rowboat in less than one minute. The motor weighs but fifty pounds and you can carry it like a satchel wherever you go. It is so simple that women and children can operate it with ease. No cranking: It starts with a swing of the fly wheel.

Call for handsome, illustrated book and see these motors at

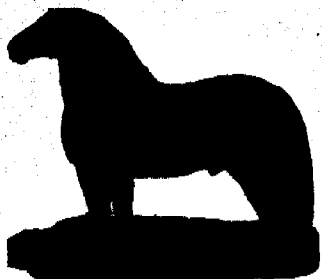
Grayling Machinery Repair Co.

LIVERY & SALES STABLES

Prompt livery service ready at any time. Also heavy work.

Farms and farm lands and village property for sale.

N. P. OLSON Grayling
Langevin's Old Stand.



Make Your Wants Known Through the Avalanche Readers.

MERCY HOSPITAL GRADUATES CLASS.

Public Invited to Attend Exercises May 28.

The Sisters of Mercy, of Mercy hospital, cordially invite the public to attend the commencement exercises on Thursday evening at eight o'clock, May 28, at the Grayling opera house. Mercy Hospital Training school meets all of the requirements of the State Registration law, as the state inspector stated after a thorough inspection of the hospital equipments, text books, and methods adopted for teaching the nurses.

We give to the public a class of nurses who have completed the prescribed three years course of the school and we cheerfully recommend them.

A short program has been arranged which shall not fail to interest and instruct the people on the necessity and usefulness of professional nurses.

County Clerk's Duties Well Looked After.

It must be with a great deal of satisfaction that people who have business transactions with the county of Crawford, through the county clerk, find their wants properly and promptly looked after. Those who have had experience here know that there is no grass growing in the clerk's office, for every little detail connected with the office is looked after accurately and with unusual promptness.

Following are three letters received from the Auditor General's office in Lansing, under dates of May 12th, 1914, May 21, 1913, and May 27th, 1912, acknowledging receipts of reports and saying that they are the first to be received from any of the clerks in Michigan:

May 12, 1914.
Mr. John J. Niederer,
Clerk Crawford County.
Dear Sir:

Referring to yours of May 9th. We acknowledge receipt of your report on blank 497. You are the first clerk in the state to file said report.

Respectfully,
O. B. FULLER,
Auditor General.

May 21, 1913.
John J. Niederer, (Etc.)

Referring to yours of May 17th. We acknowledge receipt of your report on blank No. 497. You are the first clerk to file with this department, report on blank No. 497. Very truly yours,

O. B. FULLER,
Auditor General.

May 27, 1912.
Mr. John J. Niederer, (Etc.)

Referring to yours of May 23rd. We acknowledge receipt of your report on blank No. 497. The department appreciates your promptness in filling out and forwarding said blank and congratulates you on being the first county clerk in the state to file your report with this department.

Very truly yours,
O. B. FULLER,
Auditor General.

Kelley-Brennen Dramatic Co.

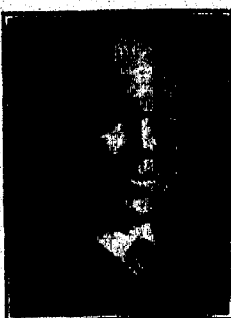
The Kelley-Brennen Dramatic Company, carrying more people and larger than ever, will pitch its tents in Grayling Monday, June 15, for the week. Mr. Francis Kelley, who again heads the company this year, is on his annual vacation tour and will feature Miss Edna Cecil Daly, conceded to be the prettiest woman in stock, and Ed Mack, the homeliest comedian in Uncle Sam's possessions. Mr. Kelley, who was at the head of the Colonial Stock company, of the Colonial theatre, Lansing, Mich., all the winter season, has brought with him nearly the entire personnel, or that organization. The company, which had a most successful season, comprised in addition to Mr. Kelley and Miss Daly, such high class players as Mr. Herbert O'Connor, Mr. Harrison Rankin, Mr. Bob Bennett, Matt Riley, Misses Beth Evington, Rose Marshall and Meta Morris. Mr. O'Connor and Miss Daly were for three seasons with Thomas Jefferson Jr. in Washington, D. C., and this gives some idea of the talent Mr. Kelley has got together for his annual vacation tour. The list of bills this year will include "A Man of the Underworld," "Dolores," "A Soldier's Sweetheart," "A Girl of the Sunny South," "The Convict and the Girl," and the best obtainable in comedies and dramas. Six big vaudeville specialties and acts are also carried, making a continuous performance. Mr. Kelley has a cracker-jack of a band and orchestra, a "hardly-able" ball team and other features. New scenery, painted by the Colonial theatre staff of the Lansing house, has been built for Mr. Kelley, and in fact, he carries with him everything to make a big show. Regardless of the additions to equipment and the numerically strengthened company, the old price of ten and twenty cents still obtains. Women will be admitted free again on Monday night only.

Stop! paying rent! Let Katsbeck Bros. build you a house 5-11

Speaker Currie For Congress.

Hon. Gilbert A. Currie, Speaker of the House, authorized the statement that he will seek the Republican nomination for congress. The Sun has printed at various times clippings from papers about the state, urging the Midland man to become a candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor. On the other hand, every Republican Senator and Representative in the tenth district has urged Mr. Currie to enter for congress with the result that, after visiting several counties of the new tenth, he has so decided.

Regardless of party, the citizens of Midland county have reason to be proud of the remarkable public record attained by this young native son, not yet thirty-two years of age. His father, Dougald Currie, located in 1859 on the farm in Midland township still owned by him, and where Spok-



GILBERT A. CURRIE

er Currie was born in 1882. Assisting his father upon the farm, young Currie was handicapped like many other country boys in securing a higher education; but after completing the course in the district school, he studied high school subjects at home until he was able to enter the Midland high school with credits making it possible for him to graduate in two years. Currie then taught the home district school for one year and entered the University of Michigan the following year, being graduated therefrom in June, 1905. In the spring of 1906 he was elected as the "boy supervisor" of Midland township and re-elected in 1907 and 1908, a testimonial from those neighbor farmers among whom he was born. Elected to the legislatures of 1909, 1911 and 1913, Mr. Currie established an enviable record for ability and fairness, and his every vote was recorded for a square deal, better government and greater justice for the common people whose interests are not cared for by lobbyists.

The Currie county depository bill, providing for the payment by banks of interest upon the county funds, was his first official act in the legislature, and a saving to every taxpayer in Michigan resulted. Mr. Currie had a prominent part in the securing of much of the progressive legislation of recent years, including the legislation compelling telegraph, telephone and express companies to pay a proper portion of taxes, resulting in the payment by these corporations of over \$200,000.00 more each year.

When the legislature of 1913 convened, Gilbert A. Currie was the choice of the Republican caucus for the speakership, but a few of the representatives, sympathizing with some special interests, bolted the caucus because Currie refused to make certain promises. The public were generally agreed that the promises had to be made or success was impossible; but Currie absolutely refused to be dominated by any special interest, and a sensational political battle at Lansing was fought. The Currie forces won, and he was chosen as speaker of the house. Regardless of previous attitude, every paper in the state concedes Mr. Currie to be one of the best speakers of the house that Michigan has ever had. No appeal was taken from any of his decisions, a remarkable record, and he has been commended for his fairness and ability by the press and leaders of all parties.

Unimpeachable integrity, ability, and daring always to do the right, have featured Currie's conduct both in public and private life. Few young men have encountered greater obstacles or fought worse political opposition than this Midland man. Without wealth or political prestige, to be chosen, at the age of thirty years, to the high and responsible position of Speaker of the House, challenges the attention of every thoughtful person. He is a man of good morals and clean personal habits. His record should be an inspiration to every young man of the district. Gilbert A. Currie deserves to win.—The Midland Sun.

Sick Headache

Mrs. A. L. Luckie, East Rochester, N. Y., was a victim of sick headaches and dizziness, caused by a badly weakened and debilitated condition of her stomach, when she began taking Chamberlain's Tablets. She says, "I found them pleasant to take, also mild and effective. In a few weeks' time I was restored to my former good health." For sale by all Dealers

IF IT'S SPEED YOU WANT, WE'RE THERE LIKE A DUCK.

Poster Advertising in Chicago Attracts Attention to Apperson "Jack Rabbit."

ADVERTISERS UNKNOWN. About three weeks ago the bill boards in Chicago were plastered from one end to the other with the slogan, "If it's speed you want, we're there like a duck." Beneath was the picture of a regular prairie "Jack Rabbit" streaking it at sixty miles an hour. Nothing else. No name, no indication of the advertiser.

For a time it was a deep mystery. Then Chicago motorists one after the other commenced to say, "Oh, that's put on by Carl Parker and Joe Erbst up at the Apperson Motor Car Co., on Indiana avenue. Another one of their advertising stunts like the Rabbits they had in their window on Easter day." But for once Chicago motorists were wrong. Parker and Erbst and in fact the whole Apperson Bros. Automobile Co. were as much in the dark as anyone else.

The men in the Chicago branch were not going to let such an opportunity for publicity pass, however. It was too good. Approached by their friends and customers in the clubs, in hotels and on the streets, with the query, "What's this Jack Rabbit bill posting you fellows are doing anyway?" They looked wise and said nothing. Before long the supposed Apperson Jack Rabbit poster was the talk of Chicago and neighboring cities. It still is. The slogan, "If it's speed you want," was too "pat" to be missed.

Everybody knows that for years Apperson "Jack Rabbits" have been noted for speed and power. In fact, the company at one time built a four cylinder touring car that was guaranteed to turn seventy-five miles per hour or they'd take it back. And then the "Jack Rabbit" on the poster. It was too evident. "Sure, it's a poster that will later advertise 'Jack Rabbit' cars," was the universal comment. But it wasn't and it isn't.

Who is responsible or what the next feature of the clever interest-arousing poster will be, nobody knows. And still the men in the Apperson company profess ignorance. What is it all about? Does anyone really know?
T. E. DOUGLAS,
Local Agent, Lovells.

ROAD BEE DAY.

A Proclamation By the Governor.

In 1913 the townships of Michigan raised \$4,336,029 for the improvement and repair of highways; 44 counties under the county road system levied county road taxes amounting to \$1,621,681 and the state appropriated \$800,000 for the payment of state rewards, making a grand total of \$6,757,710 which was raised by direct taxation and expended on the rural highways. Added to this, many townships and counties raised money by bonding and many public spirited citizens gave freely in money and labor, so that it is a low estimate to say that at least seven millions of dollars were expended on Michigan's roads during the past year.

While this has resulted in the building of more miles of excellent highways than were ever before built in a single year, there is still much to be desired. The people want more good roads and want all of the roads cared for better than they have been in the past.

Last year, on June 9th, the Huron Shore Road association observed the first "Road Bee Day" ever held in this state. It was a success, wet pieces of road were drained; logs, roots, stumps and stones were removed from the roadway; bad stretches of clay were sanded; bad pieces of sand were clayed; gravel was hauled; road drags were set to work and altogether so much enthusiasm was aroused that many farmers put in a full week instead of one day. By this concerted effort some 200 miles of highway in eastern Michigan, which in some places was very bad, was made into a very passable road.

At the request of the Michigan Good Roads association, the Huron Shore Road association and the West Michigan Pike association, and to the end that this good work may extend over the state and all the people receive the benefits, I, Woodbridge N. Ferris, do ask that the people of the state of Michigan set apart Thursday and Friday, June 4th and 5th, 1914, as "Road Bee Day," and as far as possible turn out and work under well planned and competent supervision on the highways of this state in such manner as shall make them more fit, safe and pleasant for public travel.

WOODBRIDGE N. FERRIS, Governor.

Mouths Local People.

Grayling people have discovered that a single dose of simple backthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as compounded in Adler's, the German appendicitis remedy, removes gas on the stomach and constipation at once.

A. M. LAWRENCE.

NOTICE.

The Board of Review of the Village of Grayling will meet at the Town Hall, May 26th and 27th, 1914, for the purpose of reviewing the assessment roll.

JAMES W. SORENSON,
Assessor.

Every Step You Take is One of Comfort and Pride, too,

If you are wearing E. P. Reed Shoes. Their superb fitting, their delightful ease and long service have won for REED the admiration of the best dressed women everywhere. You get full value when you buy Reed's Oxfords, Pumps and Shoes, priced from \$3.00 to \$4.00.

New Spring and Summer Goods are on display. Never were we able to offer you better goods at a less price than we are to-day.

Headquarters for popular priced Corsets and Brassieres. Brassieres, so essential for the present dress styles, at prices from 25c. to 50c. The American Lady Corset we are showing in all the new styles, made to fit every figure and fancy, at popular prices ranging from 50c. to \$2.00.

Emil Kraus.

GRAYLING'S LEADING
DRY GOODS STORE.

Our Groceries Coax a Sluggish Appetite They MAKE You Eat

We know that every person when about to purchase groceries thinks of getting something that will tempt their appetite. We have everything imaginable in the line of fancy groceries—dainties that cannot fail to make a person want to eat no matter how sluggish their appetite has been.

If you can't eat, come to our store and we will show you something that will appeal to you.

Phone No. 25. Promptly Delivered.

H. Petersen

Your Grocer.



"I wouldn't sell it for twice its price—if I couldn't get another." That's what hundreds of owners have said about the Ford. More than a half million sold to date is proof of its world-wide popularity.

Five hundred dollars is the price of the Ford runabout; the touring car is five fifty; the town car seven fifty—f.o.b. Detroit, complete with equipment. Get catalog and particulars from Geo. Barke, Frederic, Mich.

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHWEST.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resumes of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

SWEDEN.

Prof. Sigurd Agrell, instructor in Russian at the University of Lund, has written a newspaper article on the new system of Russia. He devotes much space to the Russian saw-millers, who have been so common in Sweden for several years past. It is found that these men are almost invariably between twenty-one and twenty-six years of age. Their passports always state that they have just completed their regular military service. This is significant. But it is often found that the age of the man indicates that he has completed his military service earlier in life than the average young man in Russia. This and other circumstances conspire to establish as a fact that the military service of a young man is reduced when he makes a trip abroad. It is not necessary that he should be sent out and equipped as a regular spy. When a young man makes a tour of a certain country the information thus gained will be of vast benefit in case he serves in an army invading such country. Among the great number of such men it is only natural that there should be a fair sprinkling of officers, who are able to judge the character of the bridges, the location of forts, etc. By comparing the notes of this swarm of saw-millers the military authorities of Russia can make out a reliable description of the country. Henning von Meisland, who had to make a thorough study of this matter in connection with the trial of some spies in Stockholm, came to the inevitable conclusion that the Russian government has marked out the entire kingdom of Sweden as completely as a trained butcher marks off the different parts of a carcass before cutting it up into so many different kinds of meat for the table. The saw-millers, no doubt, pay the closest attention to the chances for foraging. When they arrive in a locality they take note of the number of farms and villages, the number of domestic animals, the amount of fodder obtainable, etc., so that an invading army does not need to be groping in the dark, but feel at home. Among the really dangerous saw-millers there are many perfectly harmless ones, who are sent out for the purpose of shielding the others.

A doctor at Eslov was ordered to visit a patient in the neighborhood. A man was waiting with a horse and buggy at the little railway station where the doctor left the train. He asked no useless questions, but seated himself in the buggy. After a while the driver stopped at a farmhouse. But the premises were gaily decorated, and many people were talking and laughing in the house. The doctor thought this was a little strange, and he turned to the driver to reproach him for stopping at the wrong place. The driver was equally surprised, and said: "Are you not the fiddler who was asked to play at the dance?"

The United States senate has passed a bill presented by Senator Clapp of Minnesota providing for the erection of a memorial in Washington for John Ericsson, inventor and constructor of the Monitor. The memorial is to cost \$25,000, and its erection is to be supervised by a board composed of the chairman of the committees on the library of the senate and house and the secretary of the navy.

Prof. Edvin Osterberg has donated the Smarv estate to the Fredrika Bremer association on condition that a horticultural school be established at the place. The farm is located near Bastad, and comprises about fifty acres of land, which slopes gently towards the sea. Several hundred fruit trees are growing on it and the soil is highly suitable for fruit growing.

A young man in Norrkoping who was drafted for the army last fall surprised everybody by stealing a suit of clothes and pawning it. When pressed for an explanation he admitted that he took this step as a means of being dismissed from the army, with which he was thoroughly disgusted.

The committee on salaries has proposed to employ women as clerks in the Riksbank (national bank) and all its branches.

Grand Duke Dmitri, a brother of Princess Maria Pavlovna of Russia, who was divorced from Prince Wilhelm of Sweden—has been engaged to a beautiful American girl. The father of Duke Dmitri is highly displeased with the proposed union.

The Arnold & England theatrical troupe is going to make a tour of Norway next summer. They offer only one single number, the famous "Varmelandarne," and the performances will be given in the open air.

The present military excitement has started some strange stories, one of which is that immense amounts of money are being raised by private subscription for the defense and that responsible parties have ordered three ironclads in England. These stories have no foundation in fact.

The infantile paralysis scourge is abating at a rapid rate. During the second half of the month of March the number of new cases reported for the whole country was only four.

FINLAND.

Hannes Kolehmainen, attached to the Irish-American Athletic club, won the fourth running of the modified marathon conducted by the New York Evening Mail. His time for the distance—13 miles 200 yards—was 1:9 15.

DENMARK.

A committee of the city council of Copenhagen has spent two years considering the proposition of appointing women to serve on the police force. Now at last the committee has ground out a report which is supported by all its members. The committee is in favor of having one woman on the social and health department of the force, and one to deal with misdemeanors in which minors are involved.

Prince Aage of Denmark, who married an Italian duchess a few days ago, is going to remain abroad for some time at least. He is staying at Tangier, where he has joined a mining syndicate in which his uncle, Prince Jean of Orleans, is financially interested. The prince, whose formal title is Count of Rosenberg, has thus chosen Tangier as his temporary home.

Hans Jakobsen and wife of Kjøge celebrated their diamond wedding last year. A few days ago they both died on the same day at a few hours' interval. Mr. Jakobsen was eighty-six years old and his wife one year younger.

NORWAY.

The Socialists of Kirkenes, South Varanger, have shown their power in a way which would be next to impossible in a large community of varied industrial interests. A merchant named Engen rented out part of his building to Peder Kaasmoll, a leading Socialist, who was running a restaurant besides being a local representative of the Finmarken, the Socialist newspaper of northern Norway. Kaasmoll began to run behind, and when he owed Engen as much as \$150 the latter began to ask for a little more promptly. But Kaasmoll was a man who did not take such trifles to heart. Instead of paying his debt he began to abuse Engen in his paper. After a while Engen told Kaasmoll to move out of the building. But the fellow who did not move out of the building was Peder Kaasmoll. Finally Engen ordered the sheriff to evict Kaasmoll. This step was a signal for a new departure. The leading Socialists called a meeting in a hurry. The main speakers at the meeting were two Russians and a Swede. None of them were Norwegian citizens, but that did not matter. The compromise which the meeting proposed was considered simply impossible and Engen declined it. The meeting then agreed on a boycott. No union man should buy anything of Engen, no one should rent rooms from him, no one should do any work on the premises. If some one should try to run a restaurant in the building no one should patronize it. What should Engen do? He had to accept the conditions, shameless as they were. Peder Kaasmoll came out victorious, and his debt was wiped out. The feeling in the little community after this settlement is not agreeable to either party.

Many Socialist organizations in different parts of the country have resolved to boycott the official celebration of the centennial jubilee. The following is a sample of the resolutions: "The South-Trondelagen labor party and its individual divisions will not take part in the civic festivities of the seventeenth of May, nor in any other civic festivities during the jubilee year, and the individual members are instructed to act accordingly. On the other hand the party unions shall, as far as possible, arrange for festivals of their own and demonstrations against militarism and against the government's suppression of the right of free speech."

Einar Hilsen, a Norwegian writer who is visiting his countrymen in America, says that he has noticed in European papers and a few American papers criticism to the effect that the king and queen of Norway were not popular with the people. "The contrary is the case," he declared. "The king and queen and the crown prince are loved the country over. It has been said, too, that Norway and Sweden could not be friends after the separation in 1905. Everywhere I have seen evidence to show that the two countries are the best of friends and would fight for each other in the event of war involving either."

Ole Eliaassen Prastol, Alstahoug, has entered upon his one hundred and sixth year. He used to chop wood until a few years ago. Now he is staying at an old people's home. He is moving about, and his eyesight is good, but he is nearly deaf. His mind is in a fine state of preservation and he is fond of telling stories from his early life.

A scientific journal recently contained an article on the electrification of the seven railroads of eastern Norway. It would take 44,400 horsepower, which could be furnished by the Norwegian waterfalls. The rate would be about seven dollars and fifty cents a year per horsepower.

The late Joachim Paulsen, a drug-gist in Bergen, willed \$20,000 to charitable institutions in his city and in Tromsø, where he had a drug store for 15 years.

The Ringnes farm in Krodsherred has passed from father to son without any break in the chain from the year 1414. The Ringnes family will celebrate the semi-millennial jubilee in a befitting manner. The farm comprises 13,000 acres, part of which is forests and mountains.

Chewing tobacco has been scarce in many localities this spring. In some places the poor smokers have tried bark as a substitute. It is a poor makeshift, but it does keep the chewing gear at work.

SPECTACULAR ACCIDENT TO TANK CAR



Tank Car, Half Full of Fuel Oil, Balanced on Edge of Destruction.

An extra-hard bump by a switching engine caused a tank car which was being unloaded upon a trestle to topple perilously on the rugged edge. Half full of fuel oil, it was pushed off its trucks, which fell upon a storehouse below, barely missing two electricians working there, but the car came down on the trestle with such weight that it broke the beam, made a cradle for itself and remained safely until a wrecking crew pulled it back, placed trucks under it and hauled it out of its dangerous position.—Popular Mechanics

HIS NAME IMMORTAL

WORLD OWES MUCH TO GENIUS OF WESTINGHOUSE.

How His Air-Brake Has Made for Safety of Railroad Travel—Incident of His Youth Reveals His Character.

That humanity has gained sufficient confidence in railroads to sleep safely on trains rushing through the country at a mile a minute is due to the genius of George Westinghouse, the inventor of the air-brake!

The great scientist, Lord Kelvin, once said that "in character and achievement" Westinghouse was "one of the great men of our time." Men generally loved Westinghouse, although at the head of an industrial enterprise representing \$200,000,000 and employing 50,000 persons. All who have seen a train have also seen the name "Westinghouse" on the brake.

George Westinghouse, who died the other day, was born on October 6, 1846, at Central Bridge, N. Y., and in 1856 the family moved to Schenectady, where his father, who also was gifted as an inventor, established the Schenectady Agricultural works.

The vice-president of the Westinghouse company tells a story of the boyhood of the great inventor, which shows that he was born with dogged pertinacity and even as a youth would stick to his views in the face of ridicule and protest.

The rule of the Westinghouse boys was that the last one to get into bed must blow out the candle. There were three boys who occupied the one room. One night George was the last to get into bed, but it was pretty cold, and for that or some other reason he knew to himself he didn't blow out the light. The brothers objected. George only cuddled up into a more comfortable position beneath the bedclothes, and remained obdurate to all entreaties to get from under and blow out the candle. Finally, the other two boys thought they would get even and they crept quietly out of bed, picked up the candle and lit-up with it over to George's bed, intending to scorch the end of his nose. When they reached that point George blew out the candle before it did any damage. It is said to be the only time that he did blow it out.

Railroads' Care of Passengers.
The duty of a railroad company toward a passenger who becomes unable to care for herself by reason of sickness, insanity or other cause, while under the control of the carrier, is laid down by the court of civil appeals of Texas, in St. Louis Southern railway vs. Adams, in which the court holds that the carrier must exercise the care of a very cautious and prudent person to protect the passenger from the dangers incident to her surroundings and mode of travel. It was nevertheless held that although a passenger became ill and mentally deranged en route, to the knowledge of the carrier's servants in charge of the train, as there was nothing to indicate specifically that she anticipated jumping from the train while in motion, as she subsequently did, resulting in the injuries complained of, the carrier was not guilty of negligent negligence in omitting to establish a guard over the passenger, or forcibly restrain her. A judgment in favor of the plaintiff is reversed and final judgment rendered for the defendant by the appellate court.

Improved Sanitary Inspection.
An efficient system of sanitary inspection has been instituted on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad, according to the Railway Age Magazine. At the principal car yards a car system has been installed by which a car inspector can tell at a glance whether or not the cleaning has been done properly, and if after inspection he finds any part of the work unsatisfactory he can tell who is responsible and have that employee go over his share of the work, thus insuring maximum cleanliness of cars before they go into service.

SAFETY ON THE RAILROAD

Interesting Figures Show Comparison Between Travel on the Street and on the Tracks.

More than three times as many people in proportion to population were killed on the streets of Chicago in the every-day course of traffic during 1913 than were killed by all the railroads of the United States, including passengers, employees, trespassers and others, in all classes of accidents.

In a population of approximately one hundred million, there were killed in all classes of accidents on the one-quarter million miles of railroads in the United States 10,550 persons, of whom 5,558 were trespassers and only 759 of the remainder were killed in accidents to trains.

Records of the coroner's office show for the twelve months a total of 802 persons killed in Chicago streets in 1913. There were 321 fatalities per one million inhabitants on the streets of Chicago, against only 105 per one million inhabitants due to railroad operation, more than one-half of which were trespassers.

During the year 136 persons were killed on Chicago streets by automobiles. This comes within five of equalling the total number of passengers killed by all the railroads of the United States during the year in accidents to passenger trains, reported by the commerce commission as 141, in the gigantic task of accomplishing 34,500,000 passenger miles of travel.

During the fiscal year 1913 the railroads carried 245,000,000 passengers one mile for one killed in a train accident. Were the same proportion of immunity to prevail on Chicago streets with 802 persons killed every man, woman and child would have traveled 78,600 miles on the streets in the year, or 218 miles per day.—From a Bureau of Railway News Bulletin.

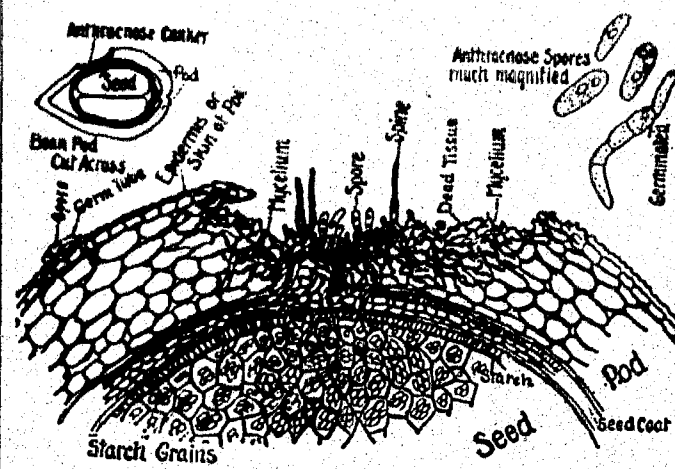
German Locomotives for South Africa.
The South African government railroads have recently ordered ten locomotives from Messrs. Maffel & Munnich and 34 passenger cars from the Hannoversche Waggonfabrik Aktiengesellschaft. The procedure has caused something of a sensation. It was thought that the promise of an early delivery was the cause; but H. Burton, minister for railways and harbors in South Africa, has declared in public that there was also a considerable saving in cost. Compared with the lowest British tenders the difference in favor of the German was about sixty-five thousand dollars on the locomotives and \$100,000 on the cars. He has also said that for some time past the administration has had reason to be dissatisfied with a continual increase in the prices charged by British firms, and although it was the policy of the government to place orders with British firms if possible, there was growing reasonable suspicion that there was collaboration among them, and the time had come to introduce a healthier attitude by calling for world-wide tenders. The locomotives will not be built to German design.—Railway Age Magazine.

Disappearing Fog by Wireless.
The North Railroad company in France is making experiments on the use of wireless waves for clearing away fog. It is well known that electric waves act upon the water particles which make up fog, so as to dissolve them and turn them into vapor. Following this idea, it is claimed that as much as 600 feet can be cleared up in front of the electric wires which are sending out the waves, the fog being at least partially dissipated, and this will have a great value in practice, especially for railroads and vessels at sea. The latter will have time to avoid each other in this case.

Locking Railroad Carriages.
One of the principal English railroad companies has paid a young signalman, George Caswell, \$95,000 for his invention of a safety lock for railroad carriages.

The invention makes it possible to lock the doors of all carriages in a train by a lever controlled by the guard. Caswell says his device is absolutely foolproof.

Electric railroad construction in Canada totaled 106 miles in 1912 and 204 miles in 1913.



The small figure to the left above, shows a diagrammatic section of a bean pod through an Anthracnose canker. The large drawing is a much enlarged view of the above figure, showing the fungus threads penetrating the pod and growing into the seed. These threads remain dormant from harvest time until the seeds are planted when they begin to grow, producing cankers on the seed leaves. The spores in the canker are exposed thus insuring their spread by rain, dew or mechanical agents to other plants. The figure to the right above, shows spores of the Anthracnose fungus. One has germinated. (H. H. Whetzel, Cornell Agr. Exp. Sta. Bul. No. 239.)

BEAN DISEASES IN MICHIGAN AND IMPORTANCE OF SELECTION OF SEEDS

Expert at State College Writes Article of Value to Producers of Important Crop of State. Practical Suggestions are Given.

J. H. Munis, Research Assistant in Plant Diseases, Michigan Agricultural College.

Michigan ranks first among the states in the production of beans. The value of her bean crop for 1913 was approximately \$10,000,000. It is estimated by the bean dealers of the state that the crop would have been worth at least \$2,000,000 more if it had not been damaged by the two diseases Anthracnose and Blight.

When the shortage in yield, discolored beans, shrunken seed and cost of picking are considered this seems to be a conservative estimate. In many sections the average "pick" of 1913 beans ran as high as eight pounds, and in some cases twenty to the bushel. One examination of many samples of cull beans from various sections of the state it was found that at least 50% of the pickings was made up of diseased seed. A further loss is due to the cost of "picking" and the reduction of price paid to the farmer on account of the diseased beans.

At the present season when great areas are being prepared for the 1914 bean crop every effort should be made to prevent, as far as possible, a repetition of last year's loss. The only thing which can be done at this time of year is to secure seed free from even a slight discoloration. Every affected seed is a source of contamination to the fields, and for this reason hand picking should be done at least twice to remove as much of the disease as possible. Dealers should be able to furnish information concerning the history of the seed purchased, where grown, yielding qualities and freedom from disease.

Seed should not be bought simply because it is "northern grown" or "western" because bean diseases are prevalent wherever beans are grown commercially, and such seed is no better than examination for discoloration would indicate.

The Agricultural College will determine, free of charge, this spring the percentage of disease-colored seed and send the grower a report upon the findings in each sample. The sample sent should be at least a half pint in quantity, and should be marked with the name and address of the sender. An accompanying letter should be marked with the name and address of the sender. An accompanying letter should give the name of the grower, locality where grown, and if hand picked, the pick per bushel.

In addition to clean seed the practice of crop rotation helps greatly to avoid disease epidemics. Serious losses have been reported on fields fertilized with manure from stock fed on bean fodder. Precaution should be taken throughout the season against cultivating in or walking through the bean fields while the plants are wet with rain or dew. To do so is to spread the disease from one plant to another.

It is difficult to say which of these diseases is the more injurious. It is

well known that in areas where continued wet weather is prevalent, Anthracnose is more noticeable, especially upon the pods and seeds. Blight also is widespread under such conditions, and inflicts serious damage to the crop by its attack upon the leaves, which causes a marked reduction of the yield and uneven ripening of the pods.

A workable control measure is known for Anthracnose but at present the control of Blight remains unsolved. Anthracnose can be absolutely avoided by securing seed from clean pods. The selected pods must have no diseased spots whatever upon them, and must be kept away from diseased pods. These clean pods may be dipped for ten minutes in corrosive sublimate solution (one part to one thousand parts of water), to make doubly sure of avoiding contamination. Dry in the sun away from the dust of the bean field. Shell so that the dust from the bean fields or from other beans will not get to the shelled seed. Seal this seed in air-tight fruit jars. This seed should be used to plant a seed plot which should be on clean ground. The crop from this seed should be free from Anthracnose and largely free from Blight and it kept from contamination, should give extremely desirable seed for next year. On a small plot of this kind, any diseased plants may be easily detected and pulled out and burned. This is a wholesome sanitary measure. Such pod selection has been practiced in Michigan by a few growers and with excellent success and, in the one case carefully examined, the seed from the general crop, while not absolutely disease free, contained not a single bean that would have been taken out in ordinary commercial hand picking.

Although the method given is known to eliminate Anthracnose, it will not entirely control Bean Blight, which is a bacterial disease. The disease germs are carried over from one season to the next and in the affected seeds, and upon the contaminated seeds; in all probability they also live over on diseased pods and trash. No doubt the germs washed from the affected leaves and pods to the ground, dry and are disseminated by the wind.

During the present season the College will investigate many phases of the bean disease problem. Careful experiments will be carried out along the lines of seed disinfection, resistant varieties and imported clean seed. It is hoped that through painstaking investigation along lines suggested by knowledge of the organisms which cause the diseases measures of control may be perfected.

To stimulate interest in this problem, and to furnish bean growers with first hand knowledge of the conditions a special bulletin (No. 58) has been issued by the Experiment Station, and may be secured by applying to Director R. S. Shaw, East Lansing, Michigan.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

The Pekin is conceded to be the hardest variety of the duck family.

Where the hens are kept in colony houses they may be moved to different grain fields as soon as the crop has been harvested, and find plenty of food for several weeks.

Do not forget that the implements and machines on the farm represent an investment, and that when exposed to the weather they deteriorate rapidly, thus making the upkeep and the original cost a heavier charge against the equipment.

If it were not for hog cholera pork raisers would be living in the lap of luxury. The time will come when there will be no more excuse for hog cholera than for human cholera; that until a century or so ago periodically devastated Europe and America. Both are essentially fifth diseases.

It is not best to keep the colts tied up day after day, nor is it best to allow them to run with the mares while the latter are at work in the fields. Keep them in a lot that has good fences, where they can run and play and yet be in the sunshine.

PRESIDENT WANTS PERMANENT PEACE

ESTABLISHMENT OF A STRONG PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT IN MEXICO.

NO SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

Commissioners to Peace Conference Have Wide Latitude—President Tells His Desires in General Terms.

Washington—President Wilson told the American commissioners who are representing the United States government at the mediation conference at Niagara Falls, Ont., that the United States government regards the settlement of the Mexican problem in a definite form as a pre-requisite to the withdrawal of the American forces from Vera Cruz.

The president gave the American commissioners—Justice Lamar, of the supreme court of the United States; Frederick W. Lohmann, former solicitor general and Diplomatic Secretary H. Percival Dodge—no specific instructions. He told them to place themselves in a receptive mood and await proposals from the three South American mediators. But at the same time he outlined to his representatives that peace in Mexico seemed to him to be conditioned on the elimination of the Huerta administration and the establishment in its place of a strong provisional government which would conduct an election giving fair treatment to all factions and parties and guaranteeing, moreover, a solution of the agrarian problem and other internal difficulties which have bred revolution in the southern republic during the last three years.

ONE-WEEK SCHOOLS PLANNED

M. A. C. Will Instruct Women of State in Domestic Science.

East Lansing, Mich.—One-week schools for women of the state are planned by the extension department of M. A. C. It is the intention of the college to dispatch a representative to various communities in both the lower and upper peninsulas and invite women to attend classes for a week. Subjects relative to domestic science and home management will be dealt with. The schools will be conducted along the same lines as the one-week schools which made such a success in the rural towns during the past year.

Miss Paulina Raven has been appointed to direct the demonstrations, which probably will be started early next fall.

FOREST FIRES IN MICHIGAN

Upper Peninsula Threatened and Villages Are Wiped Out.

Escanaba—A wide area of the upper peninsula was threatened by forest fires this week and fire fighters left here on special trains in all directions.

The entire village of Alfred was wiped out, all buildings destroyed, with 1,000,000 feet of logs.

The village of Larch was entirely destroyed with a quantity of logs and lumber.

Lumber camps and camp equipment were destroyed near Maple Ridge.

A lumber mill, with a quantity of lumber and logs, was destroyed at Thompson. Flames swept through a big area of standing timber near there.

TWO KILLED BY FAST TRAIN

Auto Struck on Grand Trunk Track at Granges.

Battle Creek, Mich.—One man was killed and one fatally injured Saturday afternoon when Grand Trunk passenger train No. 10 struck an automobile near Granges, at the Michigan-Indiana line.

The dead, Richard Boutell, fatally injured, Samuel Fick, slightly hurt, Harold Frye and Fred Boutell. All were of Mishawauke.

The train does not stop at Granges and the machine started to cross the track ahead of the train. Frye and Fred Boutell, the son of the man who was killed, jumped and escaped serious injury. The automobile was demolished.

MICHIGAN NEWS IN BRIEF

Edward Austin has been named postmaster in Battle Creek.

Dr. J. H. Kellogg, who has just returned from an eastern trip, says that the second national race betterment conference will be held in Battle Creek Jan. 2, 3 and 4.

Patrons of Flint banks will vote on the question of whether the banks shall be closed Saturday afternoons. The bank clerks petitioned the directors for the half holiday.

W. K. Prudden, wealthy manufacturer of Lansing, has offered the city \$50,000 for an auditorium, and it has been accepted. The building will be within two blocks of the capital.

A by awaiting contest has been inaugurated among the children of the public schools at Harbor Beach. Valuable prizes will be offered to the "swifter" of the most flies up until June 30.

Gov. Ferris has received the resignation of Wesley Hyde, of Grand Rapids, as a member of the state board of law examiners. The resignation has been accepted. Mr. Hyde has been a member of the board for several years. The supreme court will recommend a successor to the governor, who will appoint the same.

HOME DEPARTMENT OF THE AVALANCHE

FEATURES OF INTEREST AND VALUE TO THE WOMEN IN THE HOMES OF GRAYLING AND CRAWFORD COUNTY.

The KITCHEN CABINET

The comfortable and comforting people are those who look upon the bright side of life, gathering roses and sunshine and making the worst that happens seem the best.

"BAD LUCK" IN COOKERY.

Dry, separate grains in rice are the result of rapid boiling and careful draining. Soapy rice is so because of improper cooking. Rice that is more than a year old takes much longer to cook.

Mayonnaise dressing separates when too much salt has been added to the yolks or the oil has been added too fast, or the materials are warm.

Batter puddings are soggy and heavy when too little flour has been used, or they have stood too long before being steamed, or they have been chilled while cooking.

When cakes "lick" or "sing," they are not well baked. Before removing a cake from the oven touch it with the finger; if it springs back without leaving a depression it is done.

Sauces or gravies that have a layer of fat over the top have had too much fat used in proportion to the flour. Measure equal parts of flour and fat and to a tablespoonful of each, add a half cupful of liquid.

A brown gravy is so made by browning the flour in the fat before adding the water or milk, and also by adding a bit of "kitchen bouquet."

A large proportion of mishaps in cooking is due to carelessness in measuring. Always use a measuring cup which holds half a pint. When a cupful of flour is called for, it means a cupful after it has been sifted and lightly filled into the cup. A tea or tablespoonful means a level one.

Never measure by guess. Do not begin a dish until you have carefully read over the recipe and see that you have all the materials.

Collect all the materials before beginning to put the food together.

A cake, to be successful, should be given one's whole attention.

Coffee and sponge bread cake are slow to rise because of the fruit and shortening, so they should be kept in a warm place where they can be risen.

All the ingredients for coffee cake should be warmed before adding, except the eggs.

Fruit cake, to have a good, dark color, should bake slowly a long while.

MUSHROOM Dainties.

Mushrooms should be served as quickly as possible after cooking, as they are so delicate of flavor that long standing spoils them.

Fried Mushrooms.—Prepare them as usual by peeling and do not wash unless absolutely necessary. Put some unsalted butter in a saucepan and when the butter is hot carefully drop in the mushrooms and let them cook in the boiling butter just three minutes then serve them on thin buttered toast.

For the stewed mushrooms the stems and broken bits may be used. Put the mushrooms cleaned and peeled in a little vinegar and water and let them stand half an hour. If you have a quart of mushrooms, put a tablespoonful of butter in a saucepan and when it is bubbling hot drop in the drained mushrooms, let them cook slowly seasoning them with pepper and salt, shake them in the saucepan to keep them from sticking; after cooking eight minutes, add enough good, rich cream to cover and let them cook eight minutes longer. Serve them in a very hot dish and you will find them perfect.

Deviled Mushrooms.—Season a quart of well cleaned mushrooms with salt, pepper, and a squeeze of lemon juice. Mash the hard-cooked yolks of three eggs, mix the yolks of two with a pint of stale bread crumbs and two tablespoonfuls of butter. Fill small shells with the mixture and cover the tops with some of the crumbs well buttered. Set in the oven to brown.

Scalloped Mushrooms.—Put a quart of mushrooms into a saucepan with half a cup of butter, a cup of cream, half a teaspoonful of salt, and a few dashes of pepper, put in layers in the saucepan and bake in a hot oven.

Mushrooms are a crole are simply mushrooms baked in olive oil and seasoning. Serve with thin rounds of well buttered toast.

Lent.

The mistress of the house had mislaid her eyeglasses. She asked the old negro servant if she had seen them. "No, honey," said Aunt Mose, "I ain't seen 'em. But I'll fix 'em for you. Jest tell me now, was dey in de shell?"

Father Has No Chances.

The reason father hates to play cards with mother is because if he loses he loses and if he wins he loses. —Chicassaw Enquirer.

Be strong! We are not here to play, to dream, to drift; We have hard work to do and loads to lift; Shun not the struggle, face it. 'Tis God's gift.

UNSUCCESSFUL COOKERY.

The old refrain, "there is no luck about the house, there is no luck at all," is one too well and often sung by the new housekeeper, as well as many careless older ones. Bad luck in cookery is almost always one of three things—poor materials, poor measuring or mixing and poor cooking.

When meat soup has a strong, unpalatable flavor, it is because the fat has not been skimmed from it.

Thin, watery soup is either undercooked or too much water has been added.

Cabbage that is strong and scents the house has been cooked in a covered kettle.

When stewed or boiled meat is tough it is because it has been boiled, not simmered long and slowly.

Angel cake and sponge cake are tough if too much beaten, or are coarse if not well mixed. Both should be baked in a slow oven, about 240 degrees Fahrenheit.

Pondant grains if the sugar is allowed to grain on the side of the pan when boiling, add cream of tartar or a small amount of glucose.

Cakes crack open when too much flour has been used or the oven is too hot at first.

Popovers need strong heat at the bottom and should be baked a long time.

Whole wheat bread should be as light as white flour bread. If not, too much flour has been used.

When pineapple is used with gelatin a little more should be added, as there is a ferment in pineapple which digests gelatin.

We should not be merely an influence, we should be an inspiration. By our very presence we should be a tower of strength to the struggling human souls around us.—William G. Jordan.

SERVING POTATOES.

Cut in quarter-inch slices and fry carefully in a small amount of hot fat.

Cut in half-inch cubes and warm them in milk to cover; season with butter, salt, pepper and parsley.

Fry a slice of onion a golden brown, add potatoes and cook until well browned; season with salt and pepper and serve.

Mix with white sauce; add crumbs and bake until the crumbs are brown.

Add onion and potatoes to a hot frying pan, with a little fat; when well cooked and hot, add a little hot vinegar.

German Balls.—To a pint of hot mashed potatoes add two tablespoonfuls of butter, two tablespoonfuls of cream, and salt and pepper to taste. Form into balls, dip in beaten egg and fry in hot fat until a golden brown. Garnish with parsley.

Fill a hollow mold with seasoned and mashed potatoes; turn the molded potato out on to a dish, brush with egg and brown. When ready to serve, fill the center with creamed chicken or sweetbreads, and all piping hot when served.

Potato Puff.—Boil until tender; then mash a half dozen potatoes, add a half cupful of cream, season and heat until light; fold in the whites of three eggs beaten stiff, and bake in a dish in which it is to be served until it is brown.

Sweet Potatoes Baked.—Boil sweet potatoes in their skins, peel and put into a baking pan with the water in which the potatoes were boiled; add sugar and bits of butter and lay in the sliced potatoes. They should be sliced in half-inch slices. Bake while baking with the liquid in the pan.

Potato Croquettes.—Beat an egg until thick, then add a cup of mashed potato, one tablespoonful of cream, a tablespoonful of butter, a teaspoonful of chopped parsley, a bit of grated nutmeg, and salt and cayenne to season. Mix and stir into a pan until it leaves the sides of the pan; turn out to cool, and when cold form into cylinders; roll in egg and crumbs and fry in deep fat.

Delicate Question.—The interrogation "Where did you get it," causes me much less apprehension," confessed Senator Smugg, "than the feeling that some day the public may learn the answer to the question, 'Where did you put it?'" —Puck.

Praying and Hustling.

It's all right to pray for the things you want, but it is advisable to do a little hustling for the things you must have.

Child's Dress of Embroidered Batiste



ONE of the prettiest models for little girls' dresses is from the establishment of Berthe Raullin, and its daintiness and simplicity speak well for the Paris modiste. Fine mill or batiste is the fabric upon which there is a moderate amount of hand embroidery in eyelet work and flat daisies.

The scant fullness of the dress is provided by single box plaits at the front and back. There are two at each side of the middle panel. The lower edge of the skirt is cut in squares at the front, back and each side. A flounce of imitation, all-over val lace, edged with a narrow edging of the same kind of lace, is set in at each of the square openings. This gives plenty of freedom at the lower edge of the skirt.

There is a border outlining the lower edge of the batiste, of a strong lace in Irish crochet pattern. The embroidered daisies are applied to both the batiste and this lace.

There is a yoke and collar in one of embroidered batiste edged with the same lace. The sleeves are of the all-over val edged with the same lace as that in the bottom of the skirt and on the collar. This collar extends over the top of the sleeves like a wide epaulette.

A soft ribbon, about five inches wide, is drawn through the skirt where the flounces of val lace are set in. A short space is left at the side of each flounce. The ribbon is threaded through this. It extends under the skirt, from one space or slash to the next, and is tied in a knot at the front and in a flat bow at the back.

Small flat crochet buttons, barrel shaped, are placed in four groups of three each up the front and back. The dress fastens with flat pearl buttons under a fly at the back.

It would not be easy to find a more beautiful or delightfully childish model than this, which is in the best mode of the French designs of children's dresses.

Summer Wrap of Taffeta



NOTHING could set forth more clearly the fashion in figures than the coat of taffeta which is shown in the picture. The flat chest, low bust, absence of waist line, and loose hanging of the coat are all items to reckon with in choosing apparel to meet the latest whims of those who create styles. And the approval of those who make styles into fashions, by adopting and wearing them, is already set upon these features.

The figure, as managed in the new modes, is straight up and down, and appears so, with curves only those provided by drapery and placed to suit the modiste. But in spite of this arbitrary draping and loose adjustment to the figure there is no lack of elegance in the fashionable apparel of today. One may embody these style features in a garment like the little coat shown here in a manner that is attractive and becoming to the wearer.

Light taffeta coats promise well for mid-summer wear. The slightest of

gowns is not crushed by them, they are easily slipped on or off, and they are cool and crisp looking. Like linen they are prone to become wrinkled and must be occasionally dampened and pressed with a warm iron. It is said the most satisfactory way to dampen a taffeta garment is to hang it near an open window or door on a rainy day and allow it to pick up moisture from the air. It should be pressed under a thin clean cloth.

The three views given of the coat pictured here show clearly the outline of the garment and may be taken as a criterion in the matter of shaping the popular summer coats of taffeta.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

Business Footing.

An heiress returned a conceited money seeker by asking him: "Why should I marry you? I don't love you." The man had the impudence to reply: "Oh, that's all right. I would not be at home much."

The Credibility of Christ's Resurrection

By REV. WILLIAM EVANS, D.D.
Director of Bible Classes,
 Moody Bible Institute, Chicago



believe too readily, and with no reservation for the faith or hope. The resurrection of Christ is a fact proved by competent evidence, and deserving of intelligent acceptance and belief. It is a doctrine buttressed by "many infallible proofs."

The line of proof here suggested is that from the argument of cause and effect. Certain things, conditions, institutions exist in our midst today; they are the effects of causes, or a cause; what is that cause. We may mention:

1. The Empty Tomb.

The fact that the tomb was empty is testified to by competent witnesses—both friends and enemies: by the women, the disciples, the angels, and the Roman guards. How shall we account for the absence of the body of Jesus from the tomb? That it had not been stolen by outside parties is evident from the testimony of the soldiers who were bribed to tell that story (Matt. 28:11-15). Such a guard never would have allowed such a thing to take place. Their lives would have been thereby jeopardized. And if they were asleep (v. 13), how could they know what took place? Their testimony under such circumstances would be useless.

The condition in which the linen cloths were found lying by those who entered the tomb precludes the possibility of the body being stolen. Had such been the case the cloths would have been taken with the body, and not left in perfect order, thereby showing that the body had gone out of them. Burglars do not leave things in such perfect order. There is no order in haste. Then again, we have the testimony of angels to the fact that Jesus had really risen as foretold (Matt. 28:4; Mark 16:6). The testimony of angels is surely trustworthy (Heb. 2:2).

2. The Lord's Day.

The Lord's Day is not the original Sabbath. Who dared change it? For what reason, and on what ground was it changed? Ponder the tenacity with which the Jews held on to their Sabbath given in Eden, and buttressed amid the thunders of Sinai. Recall how Jews would sooner die than fight on the Sabbath day (cf. Titus' invasion of Jerusalem on the Sabbath). The Jews never celebrated the birthdays of great men; they celebrated events, like the Passover. Yet in the New Testament times we find Jews changing their time-honored seventh day to the first day of the week, and contrary to all precedent, calling that day after a man—the Lord's Day. Here is an effect, a tremendous effect; what was its cause? We cannot have an effect without a cause.

3. The Christian Church.

We know what a grand and noble institution the Christian church is. What would this world be without it? Its hymns, worship, philanthropy, ministrations of mercy are all known to us. Where did this institution come from? It is an effect, a glorious effect; what is its cause? When the risen Christ appeared unto the discouraged disciples and revived their faith and hope, they went forth, under the all-conquering faith in a risen and accented Lord, and preached the story of his life, death, resurrection, ascension, and coming again. Men believed these teachings; gathered themselves together to study the Scriptures, to pray, to worship Christ, and to extend his kingdom among men. This is how the church came into existence.

4. The New Testament.

If Jesus Christ had remained buried in the grave, the story of his life and death would have remained buried with him. The New Testament is an effect of Christ's resurrection. It was the resurrection that put heart into the disciples to go forth and tell his story. Skeptics would have us believe that the resurrection of Christ was an afterthought of the disciples to give the story of Christ's life a thrilling climax; a decorative incident which satisfies the dramatic feeling in man; a brilliant picture at the end of an heroic life. We reply: There would have been no beautiful story to put a climax to if there had been no resurrection of the Christ of the story. The resurrection does not grow out of the beautiful story of his life, but the beautiful story of Christ's life grew out of the fact of the resurrection. The New Testament is the book of the resurrection of Christ.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock, Grain and General Farm Produce.

Live Stock.

DETROIT—Cattle: Receipts, 325; market steady; best steers and heifers, \$8.00@8.75; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., \$8.25@8.50; steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$7.50@8; steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700 lbs., \$6.75@7.50; choice fat cows, \$7.25@7.50; good fat cows, \$6.25@6.75; common cows, \$5.50@5.75; canners, \$3.50@4.25; choice heavy bulls, \$7.00@7.25; fair to good hologna bulls, \$6.50@6.75; stock bulls, \$6.00@6.50; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$7.25@7.75; fair feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$7.00@7.25; choice stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., \$7.25@7.50; fair stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., \$6.50@6.75; stock heifers, \$6.50@6.80; milkers, large, young, medium age, \$6.50@6.80; common milkers, \$4.50@5.50.

Veal calves—Receipts, 373; market 50c higher; best, \$10.00@10.50; others, \$8.50@9.50.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 912; best lambs, \$8.25@8.50; fair lambs, \$7.25@7.75; light to common lambs, \$5.50@6.50; yearlings, \$7.25; fair to good sheep, \$5.50@6; culls and common, \$4.00@5.

Hogs—Receipts, 3,720; all grades, \$8.25.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle—Receipts, 4,600; good grades 15@25c lower, others 10c lower; best, 1,350 to 1,450-lb steers, \$8.75@9; best, 1,200 to 1,300-lb steers, \$8.50@8.75; best, 1,100 to 1,200-lb steers, \$8.25@8.40; coarse and plain weight steers, \$7.50@8.10; fat yearlings, baby beef \$8.50@9; medium to good, \$8.25; best, Canada steers, 1,350 to 1,450 lbs., \$8.25@8.50; choice handy steers, 900 to 1,000 lbs., \$8.25@8.40; fair to good steers, 1,000 to 1,100 lbs., \$8.15@8.35; extra good cows, \$7.75@8.25; best cows, \$6.50@6.75; butcher cows, \$5.50@6; cutters, \$4.50@5; trimmers, \$3.50@4; best heifers, \$6.25@6.50; medium butcher heifers, \$7.50@7.85; stock heifers, \$6.25@6.75; best feeding steers, \$7.75@8.10; fair to good, \$7.25@7.50; best stock steers, \$7.50@7.75; common light stock steers, \$6.75@7; extra good bulls, \$7.25; hologna bulls, \$6.50@6.75; stock bulls, common to good, \$5.00@6; milkers and springers, \$4.00@9.

Hogs—Receipts, 13,000; market slow; heavy, \$8.85; yorkers, \$8.85@8.90; pigs, \$8.50@9.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 13,000; market 25c lower; top lambs, \$8.00@8.50; yearlings, \$7.25@7.75; wethers, \$6.25@6.50; ewes, \$5.50@6.

Calves steady; tops, \$10.75; fair to good, \$8.00@10; grassers, \$6.50@7.

Grains Etc.

DETROIT—Wheat—Cash, No. 2 red, 98 1/4c; May opened without change at 98c, declined to 98c and advanced to 98 1/4c; July opened at 87c, lost 1-4c and advanced to 87c; September opened at 86 3/4c, declined to 86 1-2c and advanced to 86 3/4c; No. 1 white, 97 3/4c.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 70c; No. 3 yellow, 70c; 2 cars at 71c, 2 at 71 1-2c; No. 4 yellow, 70c.

Oats—Standard, 1 car at 42 1-2c; No. 2 white, 2 cars at 42c; No. 4 white, 41 1/4c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, 65c.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$2.08; May, \$2.10; June, \$2.15.

Cloverseed—Prime spot, \$7.65; October, \$7.80; prime alike, \$10.

Timothy—Prime spot, \$2.30.

Alfalfa—Prime spot, 10 bags at \$3.35.

Hay—Carlots, track Detroit: No. 1 timothy, \$16.50@17; standard, \$15.50@16; No. 2 timothy, \$14.25@15; light mixed, \$15.50@16; No. 1 mixed, \$13.50@15; No. 1 clover, \$13.50@15; heavy clover mixed, \$13.50@15; rye straw, \$8.50@9; wheat and oat straw, \$7.00@7.50 per ton.

Flour—In one-eighth paper sacks, per 196 pounds, jobbing lots: Best patent, \$5.30; second patent, \$5; straight, \$4.75; spring patent, \$5.10; rye, \$4.40 per bbl.

Feed—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$28; standard middlings, \$30; coarse cornmeal, \$30; corn and oat chop, \$26.50 per ton.

General Markets.

Strawberries—24-pt cases, \$1.75@2.

Apples—Steele Red, \$6.50@6.50; S—\$5.50@6; Baldwin, \$5.50@6; Ben Davis, \$4.50@5 per bbl.

Cabbage—New, \$1.75@2 per crate. In bulk, 2 1-2c per lb.

Dressed Hogs—Light, 9@10c; heavy 8@8 1-2c per lb.

Sweet Potatoes—Jersey kiln dried, \$1.10 per hamper.

Dressed Calves—Fancy, 12 1-2@13c; common, 10@12c per lb.

Honey—Choice to fancy new white comb, 15@16c; amber, 10@11c; extracted, 6@7c per lb.

New Potatoes—Florida, \$5.75@6 per bbl and \$2 per bu; Bermuda, \$2.50 per bu and \$7 per bbl.

Potatoes—In bulk, 62@65c per bu in sacks, 70@72c per bu for carlots.

Tomatoes—Florida, fancy, \$3.75@4; choice, \$3.25@3.50 per crate, 70@75c per basket.

Onions—\$1.75 per bu, \$2.25 per sack of 100 lbs; Spanish, per small crate, \$2; crates, \$5; Texas Bermuda, yellow, \$2, white \$2.25@2.35 per crate.

Cheese—Wholesale lots: Michigan flats, 15@15 1-4c; New York flats, 15@15 1-4c; brick, 13@13 1-2c; Limburger, 13 1-2@13 1-2c; imported Swiss, 24@24 1-2c; domestic Swiss, 18@20c; long horns, 17c; daisies, 17 1/2c per lb.

Live Poultry—Spring chickens, 18c; heavy hens, 15c; medium hens, 16c; No. 2 hens, 12c; old roosters, 11@12c; ducks, 17@18c; geese, 14@15c; turkeys, 19@20c per lb.

Hides—No. 1 cured, 14 1-2c; No. 1 greens, 12 1-2c; No. 1 cured bulls, 12c; No. 1 green bulls, 10c; No. 1 cured veal kip, 16c; No. 1 green veal kip, 15c; No. 1 cured mutton, 12c; No. 1 green mutton, 10c; No. 1 cured calf, 15c; No. 1 green calf, 14c; No. 1 horsehide, \$1.50; No. 2 horsehide, \$1.40; No. 1 sheepskins, as to amount of wool, 25c@31.50.

Forever Parted.
George, who lives in London, happened to meet the vicar of his native parish the other day, and eagerly asked for some of his old acquaintances.
"And old Mr. Jones?" he asked.
"Have you seen him lately?"
The vicar shook his head. "I shall never see him again," he decided slowly. "Mr. Jones has gone to heaven."

FACE ITCHED AND BURNED

383 No. Union St., Aurora, Ill.—"My ailment started with a little pimple and it always itched and burned terribly. I scratched it and in a few days my face was all covered with sores. It ran up to my eyes and the day after I could not see out of my right eye. I was unable to get any rest. I couldn't go to bed, being afraid of getting the clothing all soiled, although I had my face all bandaged."

"I was given two jars of salve but it kept getting worse. It was something like a running sore because every time I used some of the salve I had to wrap bandages around my neck to keep the water and pus from running down my body. I wrote for a sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and in a few days I received these and washed my face with the Cuticura Soap and put on some Cuticura Ointment and the next morning my face felt cool and somewhat relieved. After using the sample I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment at the drug store. I followed this treatment just twenty-six days and after using one cake of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment I was cured." (Signed) George Miller, Jan. 1, 1913.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Ads.

Army's Fight on Typhoid.

The efficacy of the treatment of typhoid by vaccination is estimated by the remarkable statistics for the United States army during last year, when only two cases of typhoid fever among the enlisted force of 30,000 were recorded. Of the two cases one was that of a man who had not been treated with the vaccine; the other was among the troops in China. This man had been immunized in 1911, but the history of the case is in doubt.

Before the vaccine treatment was adopted the typhoid average was 3 to 1,000; in 1910, before inoculation was practised, the rate was 2.32 to 1,000; in 1911 it dropped to 0.80, and in 1912 to 0.26.—Engineering Record.

Efficacious, But—

Ex-Speaker Alfred E. Smith, who defeated the Goethals police bill at Albany, N. Y., said at a dinner:

"There are better ways to improve the force than this Goethals bill. They're not such showy, not such attractive ways, but they're better."

"And the mayor, turning from them with repugnance, is like the girl who said—"

"How can I learn to stand and sit in the new round-shouldered, bank-over, slouching attitude, ma?"

"The girl's mother stopped her work, and leaning on her broom, replied:

"A good way, perhaps, would be to tie yourself a bit each morning by helping with the sweeping and dusting and dish-washing."

Curtain Lecture.

Miss Polly—When I was in the city I attended a vaudeville show, and it was just grand.

Villager—What were the names of the pieces?

Miss Polly—I don't remember all, but the curtain said the first piece was "Asbestos."—Buffalo Express.

Overexaltism.

A Pretty Mess



will be made of it if you buy inferior quality of fishing tackle. We always keep on hand the best quality of rods, reels, lines, hooks, flies, nets, baskets, etc. In fact, everything a sportsman needs. Fishermen around town regard our store as a club room where they can assemble for preliminary business without the formality of calling a meeting.

Central Drug Store

Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, MAY 21

TOURISTS of the "Weary Willie" sort have been so numerous of late that almost every home has had its regular daily visitors. "Please Mum, can I have something to eat?" would be mild indeed, but in many cases the request is more in the shape of a command.

That the people of our fair city should be thus burdened and insulted, is perhaps due in a great measure, to our leniency and liberality to this class of undesirable, and to the fact that the average "hobo" knows that he may have a soft time in Grayling—nothing to do and good things to eat if placed in jail.

Well, is this to continue? Many of our citizens are up in arms about it, and united action will be begun at once to not only make life miserable for all tramps or bums, but to eventually rid the community of their visits.

The Avalanche has often advocated that this class of prisoners and common drunks be put to work, and the Sheriff of our county has agreed with us that this would be a good thing to do, but has never reached that point of official proficiency, with sufficient enthusiasm to set about doing this.

We believe that with the co-operation of the village council, township board, peace officers and justices, we can free ourselves of this bum element. Other cities are successful in putting jail prisoners, who are there for petty offences, at work, and the result has been highly gratifying.

Village President T. Hanson is ready to lend his assistance, and also Street Commissioner Nelson says that he can find plenty of work for these men and will use them at a fair price. Such action as this is sure to meet the approval of the people and save the taxpayers considerable money by reducing the criminal expense of the county, and also cleaning out the traps.

Chamberlain's Liniment.

This preparation is intended especially for rheumatism, lame back, sprains and like ailments. It is a favorite with people who are well acquainted with its splendid qualities. Mrs. Charles Tanner, Wabash Ind., says of it, "I have found Chamberlain's Liniment the best thing for lame back and sprains I have ever used. It worked like a charm and relieves pain and soreness. It has been used by others of my family as well as myself for upwards of twenty years." 25 and 50 cent bottles. For sale by all Dealers.

Correspondence

Lovells.

Mrs. Mildred Seymore of Grand Rapids spent a few days at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Redhead.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Wells of Standish and Mr. and Mrs. Phil Kelley of Turner are company at the Black Hole.

Mrs. E. McCormick was pleasantly surprised Friday evening by a number of friends who helped her to celebrate her birthday.

Mrs. E. S. Houghton and sister, Iva Pierce, visited here Saturday.

Fifty thousand Grayling were planted in this stream last week.

Miss Florence McCormick was a Grayling caller Thursday afternoon. Miss Nada Lee returned home Saturday after taking the eighth grade examination in Grayling.

Law Davis of Detroit is visiting relatives here.

Mr. Husted of West Branch visited here at the homes of his daughters, Mrs. Douglas and Mrs. Stillwagon.

Memorial and Decoration Day.

The services for Memorial day will be held at the M. E. church, next Sunday, May 24th, at the usual hour for their morning service, and will be a union meeting of the M. E. and Presbyterian societies. The Memorial sermon by Rev. V. J. Hutton. The G. A. R., W. R. C. and Ladies of the G. A. R. are expected to be in attendance.

The usual Ritual Memorial service of the Ladies of the G. A. R. will be held at the M. E. church at 4:00 o'clock p. m., next Sunday.

On Decoration day, Saturday, May 30th, the members of the G. A. R., Ladies of the G. A. R., and W. R. C. will meet at the G. A. R. hall at 1:30 p. m. and, led by the Citizens' band, march to the river side, where the W. R. C., with appropriate ceremony, will cast flowers on the water in memory of soldiers, sailors and marines who gave their lives to our country and whose unmarked graves are covered only by the ocean waves.

From there the line of march will be to the cemetery, where, after the decoration of the soldiers' graves, the ritual service of the G. A. R. and the Ladies of the G. A. R. will be given at the memorial beneath the flag, erected in the honor of our soldier comrades who lie in immortal graves in southern battlefields.

Let us figure with you on your painting, decorating and wall paper. We have it, just what you want. Phone 613 CONRAD G. SOMMERSON. 3-12-11

Local News

Phil Gulgley visited his brother at Frederic over Sunday.

Leave orders for Early Rose seed potatoes at Brink's grocery.

100 canvas gloves at 50 per pair at Brenner's. Sale starts Thursday.

Wall paper hangers ready for your job. Phone SOMMERSON BROS. 4-23-2

\$3.50 men's oxfords at \$2.99 a pair at Brenner's. Sale starts Thursday.

Fifty thousand Graylings were planted in the North Branch at Lovells last week.

The Messrs. Harry McConkey and M. V. Weldon, of Roscommon, visited friends here on Monday.

The Grayling Telephone company have commenced erecting poles for a phone line down the river.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bellanger are entertaining their niece, Miss Louise Gougeon of Bay City, this week.

Mrs. R. J. Ford of Bay City was a guest of her brother, J. M. Bunting, and family a few days last week.

Fr. J. J. Riess, who has been ill at Mercy hospital for a week or more, will soon be able to get again.

Mrs. E. F. Cooper, with her little son Lawrence, left last night for Ohio to attend the funeral of a niece.

Henry Stephens has forfeited his option on the Victor Sailing property on Main street, which he had considered as a possible hotel site.

Board and rooms for ladies and gentlemen. South Side near old creamery building. Rates \$3.50 per week. Mrs. BINDRY.

The interior of the bank building is being re-decorated and painted, making a marked improvement. The work is being done by Waldemar Jensen.

O. P. Schumann is attending the meeting of the Michigan Press association and Employing Printers at Saginaw today and the remainder of the week.

Seth Chappel was forced to resign his position as delivery man at the American Express office on account of the heavy lifting. The position is filled by his brother Clifford.

Miss Signa Ellerson of Detroit arrived yesterday afternoon for a week's visit with her parents and friends. Miss Signa is employed in the Newcomb Endicott department store in that city.

Fred Alexander arrived home Monday from Flint, where he has been for several months past taking medical treatment. He is much improved and is the same old Fred, and we are all glad to have him home again.

Grief Bros. of Cleveland had one of their firm in Grayling Monday, looking over the territory with a prospect of locating a heading and stove factory here. They seemed highly pleased with the location and the abundance of available timber.

Invitations are out for the wedding of Miss Elizabeth Salling, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Victor Salling, and Mr. Spencer Wellington Meistrup, son of Mrs. J. Meistrup, which will be solemnized on Wednesday evening June 3rd at the Danish Lutheran church.

All liquor dealers know full well the law regarding the selling of liquors to intoxicated people. While we are not aware that any violations have been made, there seems to be evidence that there has been. The general reputations of our saloon keepers for strict observance of the liquor laws would receive a considerable jolt should any of them receive conviction for violations.

A quiet wedding was solemnized at Mercy hospital chapel Wednesday morning, when Miss Matilda Rivers of Manistee was united in marriage to Dr. F. Erditz of Johannesburg. Rev. Fr. J. Riess performing the ceremony. Miss Gladys Redmond acted as bridesmaid and Napoleon Belanger as groomsmen. The couple left the same morning for Johannesburg to spend a couple of days, after which they will go to Detroit, Lansing and Grand Rapids on their wedding tour. They will make their home in Johannesburg.

Madame Hughes Thomas' Royal Welsh Ladies choir have been engaged by Grayling Lodge, Knights of Pythias for one of their superb performances, to be held in one of the opera houses on Saturday evening, June 13th. This is one of the grandest singing organizations in America this year and it is only by offering them a sufficient guarantee that we are able to get them. They have sung before their Imperial Majesties, the King and Queen of England, who expressed immense pleasure at their performance. Here is an endorsement by the world's greatest prima donna soprano: "The Welsh Choir is magnificent; they are perfectly splendid and you may say I said so." Melba. Everybody who secures a ticket to this grand performance is sure of an evening of rare entertainment.



Remove Rooster from the Flock.

The hens will lay as well, and in many instances better, without the presence of the male birds in the flocks.

Fertile eggs will spoil much quicker in the hot summer weather than those which are infertile. Since it is the presence of the male birds which causes fertile eggs, and these are really desired only during the hatching season, they should be removed from the flocks for the rest of the year.

Buyers will pay better prices for fresh, infertile eggs than for fertile ones.

For Michigan the breeding season should be finished by the middle of May. Disposing of the roosters at that time would certainly be an important step in helping to improve the condition of market eggs during the hot summer months. It is estimated that the increase in profit to the farmers of the state would be at least a half million dollars (\$500,000.00).

In Kentucky and Tennessee, Saturday, May 16, is to be known as Rooster Day. Announcements will be made to that effect in all the schools on Friday, May 15. State wide movements will be made to encourage the removal of the roosters from the flocks on that day.

It would be an excellent start for the uplift of Michigan poultry conditions if the poultry raisers in Michigan would designate Saturday, May 23, as the day on which all male birds should be killed, sold or removed from the flock. J. O. LINTON, Asst. Professor of Poultry Husbandry, East Lansing, Michigan, May 12, 1914.

John Isenbauer left for Bay City yesterday to spend the day.

\$1.50 ladies' skirts, silk mull with shadow lace, for 99c at Brenner's.

The shade trees in and around the court yard have been nicely-trimmed.

Heating stove for sale. At your own price if taken at once. Enquire at Avalanche office.

Grant Thompson had the misfortune to break his arm at the wrist while playing on the school grounds Tuesday noon.

Ambrose Meistrup, who has been visiting in Bay City and other cities, has returned and resumed his duties in the mill yard as foreman.

\$6.00 to \$12.00 weekly paid to men and women for working at home during spare time. Send 10c silver for names of forty firms supplying such work. DRE PUBLISHING CO., 474 Trumbull Ave., Detroit, Mich. 5-7-8

Whooping Cough.

"About a year ago my three boys had whooping cough and I found Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the only one that would relieve their coughing and whooping spells. I continued this treatment and was surprised to find that it cured the disease in a very short time," writes Mrs. Archie Dalrymple, Crooksville, Ohio. For sale by all Dealers.

For a Torpid Liver.

"I have used Chamberlain's Tablets off and on for the past six years whenever my liver shows signs of being in disordered condition. They have always acted quickly and given me the desired relief. I can say that I am a convert to this treatment and was surprised to find that it cured the disease in a very short time," writes Mrs. Archie Dalrymple, Crooksville, Ohio. For sale by all Dealers.

Sheriff's Sale.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the circuit court for the county of Crawford in favor of Clayton Straely against the goods and chattels and real estate of Hal Davis, in said county to me directed and delivered, I did on the 15th day of May, 1914, levy upon and take all the right, title and interest of the said Hal Davis in and to the following described real estate, that is to say an undivided one-half interest in and to lots 2, 3, and 4, in block 2 and the east 48 feet of lot 13 in block 1, Oak Hill Park, in said county as shown by the record and plat thereof. All of which I shall expose for sale at Public Auction or Vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house in the village of Grayling in the county of Crawford, that being the place for holding the Circuit court for said county, on the 3rd day of July, 1914, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day. Dated this 15th day of May, 1914. HOMER G. BENEDEC, Sheriff of Crawford County.

JAMES B. ROSS, Attorney for Plaintiff. Business address, West Branch, Michigan. 5-21-7

Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas McElroy, deceased.

Having been appointed commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, we do hereby give notice that four months from the 11th day of April, A. D. 1914, were allowed by said court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and adjustment, and that we will meet at the probate office in the village of Grayling in said county, on the first day of June, A. D. 1914, and on the first day of July, A. D. 1914, at one o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and adjusting said claims.

Dated April 30th, A. D. 1914. JOHN J. NICKERBY, ALLEN B. FAIRING, Commissioners.

ELMER BROT

Contractor and Builder. Estimates, designs and plans furnished reasonable. Special care given to alterations, repairs and additions. Twenty years experience at all styles of work. Air building a specialty. Phone 902.

The Convict's Warning.

Boys and girls take notice. Or what I have to say. For I'm no mistake. There's many going wrong today.

Perhaps you take no notice. Of little things done each day. But be sure and keep on the right track. The one that is paved all the way.

"I'll tell you how I got my start. Not more than a year ago. When I was a boy at home with mother. Before I fell down so low.

Boys, keep away from the girls. Who are looking for taxi and wine; And girls do the same with the fellows. For that is how I got mine.

You meet with a nice looking lady. That you think is about all right. She has a face like the Virgin Mary. And you love her with all your might.

She lets you spend your money. She eats and drinks with you. Until you find that you're "busted," And don't know what to do.

Then you make up some story. And say you can't see her that night. So then of course she gets angry. And says you are mean and tight.

Then you begin to realize. What a fool she has made of you. So you decide to leave the city. And start life over anew.

You go to work with an effort. You are tired of living, you think. And the sorrow which should be lifted. You endeavor to bury in drink.

You are then to a point where you don't care. And you do things which dishonor your name.

You would steal and kill if you had to. All over a woman of shame.

Now boys, you can do as you want to. But if you're ever behind a prison grate. You'll look over the past as I do. And think, after it's all too late.

As I look back and see my dear parents. Praying for their only son, I swear to the God Almighty, That when this trouble is past, I am done.

This piece of poetry was written by an inmate of Crawford county jail, with the hopes of it's being a help to other boys and girls who might under similar circumstances fall into the same evil ways, and are too careless to note the things done each day that lead to the downward path. Boys and girls take heed to this poetry, which tells of this boy's sad life, before it is too late.

Bean Growers Take Notice.

Michigan is a great bean producing state and to the returns from this staple we must look for a goodly percentage of our wealth. It follows then that if we could eliminate the enormous waste caused by bean diseases we would add materially to the wealth of our state. On another page of the Avalanche we publish this week an illustrated article on this subject prepared at the Michigan Agricultural college. Don't miss reading it.

James Jorgenson plead guilty to over-stepping the speed limit Monday in Justice Mahon's court. He had been arrested by Sheriff Benedict on Saturday afternoon of last week.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, TOLEDO, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Drug-gists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

New Russel Hotel

Under New Management.

Everything conducive to the comfort of it's patrons.

Your patronage solicited.

Rates: \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day

Geo. A. Hodge

Proprietor

Wind Mills and Tubular Wells.

All work and material guaranteed. Ten days test before payment. Time extended on written contract.

Augustus Funck

Pure Cherry, Mich.

Spring Planting Time

Spring Planting Time is at hand and you will be needing

GARDEN SEEDS

That Stand the Test

There is no use planting anything but the best seeds, for it will only be a waste of time and labor.

We use the utmost care in selecting these stocks, and aim to give our customers A. No. 1 quality.

Garden and Yard Tools

Garden Tools---Rakes, Hoes, Spades, Shovels, Wheelbarrows, Lawn Mowers, and Rubber Hose---everything that you may need for cleaning the yard or making garden.

Salling, Hanson Co.

The Pioneer Store.

Established 1878

HURRY!

I made a good purchase last week and here is a chance for the working man.

The purchase was in

Men's Clothing, Pants, Suits and Odd Coats

Owing to the lateness of the season I purchased this lot at a big discount, so watch for the big advertisement on this line giving you notice as to prices.

Another case of Elk Skin Bellus Tongue, \$1.98

Leather soles, mind you at.....

1 lot Men's Oxfords, \$3.00 and \$3.50 for \$1.98

Why pay more? These must be closed out early.

1 lot of Boys' Patent Colt, Gun Metal and Tan Oxfords, \$2.00 and \$2.50. All sizes. Must go at \$1.69

1 lot of Men's Silk Hats. Just the 50c and 75c

thing for summer at.....

1 lot of Kaki Pants at..... 98c

Heavy Shoes for railroad men. Just what you want.

Suit cases; a big lot for you to select from. Ladies' Wash Dresses, Ladies' and Children's Coats, also 1 lot of Children's Felt and Straw Hats.

Last Saturday night this store was crowded; had to secure extra help. There must be a reason for same. Next Saturday's Specials I will be prepared to take care of you.

Now that the warm weather is here and everybody is wearing that summer smile. Remember the sudden change will cause you to think of changing your heavy wears for lighter garments. I am well prepared to take care of you. Both Ladies' and Men's lines are complete. Don't miss this store or opportunity.

Yours to please.

A friend to the workingman's pocketbook.

Frank Dreese

When you want

INSURANCE

Life

Fire

Marine

The Crawford Avalanche

PRINTING and ADVERTISING.

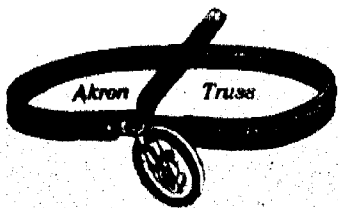
GRAYLING, MICH.

HARCOURT & CO. Louisville, Ky.

ALL MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENTS

Prices as Reasonable as Consistent with Quality

The Akron Truss



The Kind that Always Gives Satisfaction.

GUARANTEED

A. M. LEWIS

Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, MAY 21

Local News

Carl Johnson spent Sunday in Saginaw.

\$1.50 embroidered crepe night gowns at 99c at Brenner's.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Reagan spent a few days in Bay City last week.

Fine chance to own a home. Ask Ketzbeck Bros. 5-7-1f

Ami Davis of West Branch was a guest of friends here one day last week.

Fred Belanger of West Branch is spending a few weeks here visiting friends.

Those who attended the dancing party at the opera house last Friday evening had a very enjoyable time.

Eggs for hatching from thorough bred Barred Rocks. Phone 703, 4-2-1f J. M. BURNING.

Our ten day sale starts Thursday. Don't miss our bargains. First bargain sale of the season at Brenner's.

Mrs. Axel Becker and son Alton, of Johannesburg, spent Sunday at the home of her mother, Mrs. J. B. Woodburn.

Carl J. Rasmussen of Denmark has arrived in the city and is employed at the greenhouse. He is an experienced florist.

G. W. Slade was ill at his home the latter part of last week with an attack of appendicitis. He is able to be out and around again.

Buy wall paper in your home town, we will furnish you with the paper hanger. Let us help select your paper. 4-23-2 Sorenson Bros.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Sorenson have moved into the residence on Michigan avenue vacated by Mrs. Johanna Hanson and family. Miss Anna Nelson purchased the home from Mrs. Hanson.

Anchor Schjotz, a former resident of this city who moved to Detroit about one year ago, has purchased a farm in New York state and with his family has moved there to make their future home.

Rev. Dr. Nimmo will conduct the evening service of the Episcopal church and preach in the Danish Lutheran church on Tuesday, May 26, at 7:30 p. m. standard time. The public cordially invited to attend.

A letter from Dr. Underhill, of the Underhill club at Lovella, says that from May 1st to May 20th their members have caught 1023 trout. Charles T. Ink caught 181, W. L. Shoemaker caught 172, and Mrs. W. L. Shoemaker caught 12.

Commencement GIFTS

FOR THE GIRL GRADUATE—

A dainty Gold Watch with Pin. A sparkling Diamond either in LeVallier or a Ring. Lockets, Chains and Beads. Mesh Bags and Vanity Cases. Bracelets, Bar and Beauty Pins. Sterling Silver Novelties, Souvenir Spoons and Manicure Sets.

FOR THE BOY GRADUATE—

A Gold Watch or Diamond Ring, Vest Chains, White Buttons, Coat Buttons, Belt Chains and Pouches, Golf Links, Sport Pins, and Tie Clips. Contains Self-Filling Football Pins.

You can be certain that the quality is represented when you purchase from this store.

C. J. Hathaway
Jeweler and Optometrist.

Call on Harry Cook for fish worms. Phone 446 or 1104. 5-7-1f

J. H. Bunting's home on McClellan street near the hospital is almost completed.

Don't throw away your old clothes. I can make them look as good as new, also dyeing. HAPPY MIX.

For First Class Livery and Heavy Work call Peter Jorgensen. Phone 653. Open day and night.

Saturday only, I will place on sale 75c and \$1.00 white and white triple coated granite ware at 49c each. A. KNAUS EAT. HARDWARE.

Mrs. H. Collday visited relatives in Lewiston on Tuesday.

Boy Scouts will assemble at the M. E. church Thursday, May 26th, after school, to find cedar for the G. A. R. Ladies. V. J. HUTTON, Master.

Good seed potatoes for sale. Small but of good variety. Also millet seed. NEMMUS NURSERY, 5-21-2 Forest View Farm, Wellington.

Miss Dorothy Pond entertained the Junior Aid of the M. E. Sunday school on the 12th inst. The novel feature of the meeting was the "serve self" lunch.

On Monday, May 25, there will be installation, initiation and smoker with refreshments at the L. O. O. M. lodge rooms. All Moose requested to attend. Special business.

The ladies of the G. A. R. will hold their memorial services at the M. E. church Sunday at 4:00 p. m., May 24. All old soldiers and their families are cordially invited to attend.

Miss Christina Christianson arrived from Detroit on Friday last for a week's visit. Miss Christianson is just recovering from a serious illness and came home to recuperate.

Why not own your own home. Ketzbeck Bros. will build you a house to suit your needs, of brick or tile, bungalow or English cottage, for \$1250.00. Six rooms. Phone 633 or 1212, or see them personally. 5-7-1f

What counts isn't what you pay, but what you get for what you pay. The Ford buyer gets the most value for his money. Big production, skilled workmen and best materials make Ford quality high and Ford prices low. GRO. BURKE, Agent, Frederic.

The Rev. V. J. Hutton was called to Eldorado, Tuesday afternoon for the funeral of Ethel Vera Williams; seventeen year old daughter of James Williams, well known in Crawford and Roscommon counties. The cause of death was appendicitis. Ethel was well known throughout the northern counties. The funeral was largely attended.

Hot steam baths. I now have my bath house in first class condition, and am ready to serve you on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at from 2:00 to 10:00 o'clock p. m. Good towels, soaps and other necessities. Single baths 20c. Special rates to families. Located on South Side, opposite the P. Michelson residence. A trial will convince you of the superiority of our steam baths. 5-14-1f

During the band concert at the court yard last Friday evening there was considerable annoyance from children playing, throwing dirt and turning on the hydrant. People attend the concerts to listen to the music and unnecessary disturbances should not be allowed. The actions of some of the young people at the last concert was particularly distressing, and we publish this notice with the hope that better order will come voluntarily and without the intervention of our peace officers.

10c gray cotton hose for 4c a pair at Brenner's. Sale starts Thursday.

Fire insurance is too cheap to be without. Why are you so negligent? GEO. L. ALEXANDER & SON.

For Sale—Twenty acres with house and other improvements. Guaranteed title. Phone 701 or inquire of G. F. Smith.

To all cemetery lot owners: All rubbish placed in alleys of either cemetery three days prior to Decoration day, will be removed at the expense of the township.

EMIL HANSON, Township Clerk.

Otto Hendrickson, a brother of A. E. Hendrickson the tailor, has rented the rooms recently used by E. F. Mattson as a barber shop, over the A. M. Lewis drug store, and will do all kinds of cleaning, pressing and repair work on clothing. He will open up for business the latter part of the week.

When driving into town Tuesday T. E. Douglas had the misfortune to run into a fallen telephone wire that spanned the street. The wire caught the wind shield of his big Apperson car, breaking it and tearing some of the cushions and if the wire hadn't broken would probably have torn off the top. Mr. Douglas and Mr. and Mrs. Brown of Lovella, who were in the car, were cut by broken glass, but the baby was unharmed.

The Grayling high were victors in two fast games of base ball last week, playing the high school at Gaylord Friday and winning by a score of 18 to 6, and Frederic high at the home grounds Saturday, the game being won by the same score in seven innings. Batteries for Grayling at the Gaylord game were Karpus and Joseph, and with Frederic were Insley, Thompson and Joseph. A number of Grayling people were present at the Gaylord game.

The base ball season is beginning to take form in Grayling. The boys are doing some practicing and expect to be ready for games soon. The team is nearly complete. Bibbins and possibly Fuller are expected from Lansing as soon as the college closes. Elmer Haire, who at one time played here, is back and will be on the pitching staff. Carl Johnson will act as captain. With Melstrup back in the "Dug" field, everything will soon be going fine, and we are sure of some good ball games this season.

Opportunity smiles on man but once in a life time. It is smiling on you now. Let Garley take your picture.

Model Bakers Bake Best Buns, Bread, Biscuits, Beautiful, Brown. Better Buy Model Bread.

MODEL BAKERY



We Are Showing A Complete Line of

Summer Underwear

We show exclusively the celebrated Cooper Closed-Krotch Union Suits, summer weights at \$1.00, \$1.50, and \$2.50.

"B. V. D." and "Porosknit" at \$1.00.

2 piece Suits at 25c and 50c.

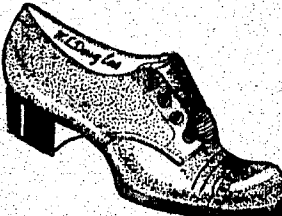


Men's Oxfords and Shoes

No where else can you find the many new styles and leathers that we show. Here you will see the new English lasts in tan and black. The medium high toes that are so popular. All styles in button or lace.

Priced at \$3.00, 3.50 \$4.00 and \$4.50.

Reputable makes which we fully guaranty



ARROW

label marks it.

\$1.50 and \$2.00

Other styles at 50c, 75c, \$1.00

New Wash Ties just received-- big assortment 25c

See Our

"Big John" Work Shirts

They fit better, wear longer and look better than any other shirt at 50c



Kid Stockings That Save Darning Troubles

Remember this is the place where you can get the "tough as leather".

Black Cat Stockings

which have the exclusive feature of an Extended Heel, that doubles the life of the heel.

To most mothers Black cat means wear. Long experience has given Black cat that reputation—your children's grandmother knew black cat like she knew the Old Mother Goose Book.

Black cat can't be beat for school wear and general outdoor romping. come in and see black cat for the rest of the family.

Ladies' Waists

Many new styles in Cotton, Crepe and Voile-- good values at \$1.00 to \$3.00

Shadow Lace Waists that are new at \$3.50

GRAYLING MERCANTILE CO. THE QUALITY STORE

HOUSE CLEANING NEEDS

We carry a full supply of just what you want. Look over the list:

Lustre Furniture Polish
Waxit Furniture Polish
Liquid Veneer Polish

Handy Package Paint 8 and 15 cents
Aluminum Bronze Enamel, washable 10 cents
Gold Bronze Enamel, 15 and 25 cents.

Le Page's Glue in Tubes, strongest glue known, 10 cents

Furniture Varnish
Furniture Paint

Floor Paint and Varnish
Interior Paint and Varnish

Screen Paint, Black and Green
Alabastine, Three Shades only, to close out at 25 cents per Package

Carpet Beaters
Shino Chemical Dust Cloth 25c.

Shino Polishing Cloth 25c.
Shino Handy Duster Shino Dust Mop

Dustless Mops Oil for Dustless Mops
Bissell's Carpet Sweepers

The Best Vacuum Sweeper, with Brush \$6.50

Sorenson Bros.

"THE HOME OF DEPENDABLE FURNITURE"

No More Cake, Fried Cake or Biscuit Failures

You can get the ready prepared flour. All you need is to add Water and BAKE

Brink's Grocery

Where Quality, Weight and Measure are Guaranteed.

Try Our Tango Fruit Squares SATURDAY At 15c per lb

Milton Simpson Estate



The Hollow of Her Hand

by George Barr McCutcheon

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WESTERN CANADA'S PROSPECTS FOR 1914

Excellent Spring for Work and Wheat Seeding About Finished.

The writer has just returned from an extensive trip through the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, in Western Canada. The crop conditions are the very best, and no one locality seems to have an advantage over another in this respect. The uniformity in growth is remarkable, and in all parts of the three provinces spring wheat at the time of writing, May 10th, is well above the ground from two to three inches. Considerable fall plowing was done last year, and this, with the summer fallow, is already seeded, so that practically wheat seeding is over by this date. Everywhere the farmers are busy and the whole country presents one great scene of activity—three-horse, four-horse and five-horse teams are busy preparing land for barley, oats and flax. On some of the larger farms batteries of steam and gasoline outfits are at work, but in a great many districts where there have been operations in the past, they are being displaced by horses, owing to the difficulty of securing experienced men to operate them. Anyway, Western Canada, greater effort with more promise than for some years past. The soil is in the best possible condition; moisture has been sufficient, there have been no winds to dry out the soil, and if the farmers have had to lay up for a day or so now and again, it was merely that the ground might have the advantage of the rain and an occasional snow, which promise so much for the growing crop. With some warm weather the grain will come along in a manner that will equal the best years Western Canada has ever had.

It must not be thought from this that the farmers are full bent on securing a grain crop alone. In nearly every district there is more and more the indication and inclination to go into mixed farming. Herds of cattle now dot the plains that up to the present had been fully given up to grain growing, hogs and sheep are in evidence. New buildings are to be seen on a great many places, these being pig houses and cow stables, although protection of cattle is not regularly required, excepting for calves and such cows as it may be necessary to house from time to time.

The growing of alfalfa and other fodder grasses is an industry that is being rapidly developed.

During this spring a splendid class of new settlers have gone in, many of them from the eastern states. These have seen what success the western and central states man has achieved in Western Canada, and are now going in in hundreds. The movement from Montana, Oregon and Washington to Canada continues without any abatement as to numbers and value of effects, while the central and eastern states are still sending an excellent class of farmers with means sufficient to begin farming on a scale that will pay from the start.

Those who contemplate visiting the Panama Exposition next year will find that one of the most interesting trips they can make will be via the Canadian West. There will be three lines of railway that can use the Canadian Pacific, Canadian Northern and Grand Trunk Pacific, all of which will have through to coast lines completed. Thus will be given a view of prairie, woodland and mountain scenery unexcelled in America—Advertisement.

JUST SAVED THE SITUATION

British Royalty's Narrow Escape From What Might Be Called "Simply Awful" Position.

When truth gets a fair inning she rarely fails to be much funnier than fiction. Strange to say, old England, where truth is supposed to be always dimly sober, now and then makes quite a merry record. A rector of the Church of England, in a remote parish in Wiltshire, recently discovered among his parishioners a fine old figure of a woman, age one hundred and four, the widow of an innkeeper. This ancient dame has eight sons living, six of whom have served in either the army or the navy. The rector wrote informing King George of these things, and the king ordered a warm congratulatory telegram to be sent to her.

Just as the telegram was sent off, the rector having received additional testimony concerning the "old un," wrote again, explaining that she had been twice divorced, and had not gone through the marriage ceremony at all with the man of her latest household. Another wire was promptly set at work at the king's command, ordering the postmaster at the other end to stop delivery of the royal congratulations, and that functionary had barely time to grab the coat of the messenger with the bicycle as he was about to make delivery.

Butterfly Decoration
Many artists have employed the butterfly in decoration, but neither brush nor crayon is as effective as nature itself. No imitation, however good, can do justice to the gorgeous colors of the tropical butterfly. One might as well try to reproduce a rainbow in oil. A most effective novelty—a butterfly tray—was shown me yesterday by a charming North side hostess. It was made on the same principle as the tapestry tray. A glittering butterfly, the spread of whose wings was mounted on a stick of midnight. The pressed butterfly was then covered with glass and harmoniously sealed in. To say that the tray was stunning is to speak very feebly of its attractiveness. With this object in view, a complete flower basket could easily arrange a "butterfly luncheon."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

There are only 30 persons in France with a yearly income of more than \$1,000,000.

SYNOPSIS.

Charles Wendall is found murdered in a room near New York. Mrs. Wendall is summoned from the city and identifies the body. A young woman who accompanied Wendall to the room and subsequently disappeared, is suspected. Mrs. Wendall starts back for New York in an auto during a blinding snow storm. On the way she meets a young woman in the road who proves to be the woman who killed Wendall. Feeling that the girl had done her a service in killing her of the man who though she loved him deeply, had caused her great sorrow. Mrs. Wendall promises to shield her and takes her to her own home. Mrs. Wendall hears the story of Hetty Castleton's life, except that portion that relates to Wendall. This and the story of the tragedy she forbids the girl ever to tell. She offers Hetty a home, friendship and security from peril on account of the tragedy. Mrs. Sara Wendall and Hetty attend the funeral of Charles Wendall at the home of his parents. Sara Wendall and Hetty return to New York after the absence of a year. In Europe, Leslie Wendall, brother of Charles, makes himself useful to the family and becomes greatly interested in Hetty. Sara sees in Leslie's (glutted) possibility for revenge on the Wendall family and becomes greatly interested in Hetty. Sara sees in Leslie's (glutted) possibility for revenge on the Wendall family and becomes greatly interested in Hetty.

CHAPTER VII.—Continued.
"I say, Leslie, is she staying here?" cried Booth, lowering his voice to an excited half-whisper.

"Who?" demanded Wendall vacantly. His mind appeared to be elsewhere.

"Why, that's the girl I saw on the road—Wake up! The one on the envelope, you ass. Is she the one you were telling me about in the club—the Miss What's-Her-Name who—"

"Oh, you mean Miss Castleton. She's just gone upstairs. You must have met her on the steps."

"You know I did. So that is Miss Castleton."

"Ripping, isn't she? Didn't I tell you so?"

"She's beautiful. She is a type, just as you said, old man—a really wonderful type. I saw her yesterday—and the day before."

"I've been wondering how you managed to get a likeness of her on the back of an envelope," said Leslie sarcastically. "Must have had a good long look at her, my boy. It isn't a snapshot, you know."

Booth flushed. "It is an impression, that's all. I drew it from memory, 'pon my soul."

"She'll be immensely gratified, I'm sure."

"For heaven's sake, Les, don't be such a fool as to show her the thing," cried Booth in consternation. "She'd never understand."

"Oh, you needn't worry. She has a fine sense of humor."

Booth didn't know whether to laugh or scowl. He compromised with himself by silencing his arm through that of his friend and saying heartily—

"I wish you the best of luck, old boy."

"Thanks," said Leslie d-dily.

CHAPTER VIII.
In which Hetty is Weighed.

Booth and Leslie returned to the city on Tuesday. The artist left behind him a "memory sketch" of Sara Wendall, done in the solitude of his room long after the rest of the house was wrapped in slumber on the first

night of his stay at Southbrook. It was as sketchily drawn as the one he had made of Hetty, and quite as wonderful in the matter of faithfulness, but utterly without the subtle something that made the other notable. The craftiness of the artist was there, but the touch of inspiration was lacking.

Sara was delighted. She was flattered, and made no pretense of disguising the fact.

torn to bits. But it went back into his commodious pocketbook, and she was too proud to demand it of him.

She became oddly sensitive to Booth's persistent though inoffensive scrutiny as time wore on. More than once she had caught him looking at her with a fixedness that betrayed perplexity so plainly that she could not fail to recognize an underlying motive. He was vainly striving to refresh his memory; that was clear to her. There is no mistaking that look in a person's eyes. It cannot be disguised.

He was as deeply perplexed as ever when the time came for him to depart with Leslie. He asked her point blank on the last evening of his stay if they had ever met before, and she frankly confessed to a short memory for faces. It was not unlikely, she said, that he had seen her in London or in Paris, but she had not the faintest recollection of having seen him before their meeting in the road.

Urged by Sara, he had reluctantly consented to sit to her for a portrait during the month of June. He put the request in such terms that it did not sound like a proposition. It was not surprising that he should want her for a subject; in fact, he put it in such a way that she could not but feel that she would be doing him a great and enduring favor. She imposed but one condition: The picture was never to be exhibited. He met that, with bland magnanimity, by proffering the canvas to Mrs. Wendall, as the subject's "nearest best friend," to have and to hold so long as she might live, "free gratis," with the artist's compliments, and so on and so forth, in airy good humor.

Leslie's aid had been solicited by both Sara and the painter in the final effort to overcome the girl's objections. He was rather bored about it, but added his voice to the general clamor. With half an eye one could see that he did not relish the idea of Hetty posing for days to the handsome, agreeable painter. Moreover, it meant that Booth, who could afford to gratify his own whims, would be obliged to spend a month or more in the neighborhood, so that he could devote himself almost entirely to the consummation of this particular undertaking. Moreover, it meant that Vivian's portrait was to be temporarily disregarded.

Sara Wendall was quick to recognize the first symptoms of jealousy on the part of her brother-in-law. The new idol of the Wendalls was in love, selfishly, insufferably in love as things went with all the Wendalls. They hated selfishly, and so they loved. Her husband had been their king. But their king was dead, long live the king! Leslie had put on the family crown—a little jauntily, perhaps—cocked over the eye a bit, so to speak—but it was there just the same, annoyingly plain to view.

Sara had tried to like him. He had been her friend, the only one she could claim among them all. And yet, beneath his genial allegiance, she could detect the air of condescension, the bland attitude of a superior who defends another's cause for the reason that it gratifies Nero. She experienced a thrill of malicious joy in contemplating the fall of Nero. He would bring down his house about his head, and there would be no home to pay the sadder.

Brandon Booth took a small cottage on the upper road, half way between the village and the home of Sara Wendall, and not far from the abhorred "back gate" that swung in the teeth of her connections by marriage. He set up his establishment in half a day and, being settled, betook himself off to dine with Sara and Hetty. All his household cares, like the world, rested snugly on the shoulders of an Atlas named Pat, than whom there was no more faithful servitor in all the earth, nor in the heavens, for that matter, if we are to accept his own estimate of himself. In any event, he was a treasure. Booth's house was always in order. Try as he would, he couldn't get it out of order. Pat's wife saw to that.

As he swung jauntily down the tree-lined road that led to Sara's portals, Booth was full of the joy of living. Sara was moving the bottom of the terrace, moving among the flower beds in the formal garden.

At the sound of his footsteps on the gravel, Sara looked up and instantly smiled her welcome.

"It is so nice to see you again," she said, giving him her hand.

"My heart's in the highlands," he quoted, waving a vague tribute to the heavens. "And it's nice of you to see me," he added gracefully. Then he pointed up the terrace. "Isn't she a picture? 'Gad, it's lovely—the whole effect. That picture against the sky—"

He stopped short, and the sentence was never finished, although she waited for him to complete it before remarking—

"Her heart is not in the highlands."

"You mean—something's gone wrong?"

"Oh, no," she said, still smiling; "nothing like that. Her heart is in the lowlands. You would consider Washington square to be in the lowlands, wouldn't you?"

"Oh, I see," he said slowly. "You mean she's thinking of Leslie."

"Who knows? It was a venture on my part, that's all. She may be thinking of you, Mr. Booth."

"Or some chap in old England, that's more like it," he retorted. "She can't be thinking of me, you know. No one ever thinks of me when I'm out of view. Out of sight, out of mind. No; she's thinking of something a long way off—or some one, if you choose to have it that way."

He smiled upon him with half-closed, shadowy eyes, and shook her head. Then she arose.

"Let us go in. Hetty is eager to see you again."

They started up the terrace. His face clouded.

"I have had a feeling all along that she'd rather not have this portrait painted, Mrs. Wendall. A queer sort of feeling that she doesn't just like the idea of being put on canvas."

"Nonsense," she said, without looking at him.

Hetty met them at the top of the steps. The electric porch lights had just been turned on by the butler. The girl stood in the path of the light. Booth was never to forget the loveliness of her in that moment. He carried the image with him on the long walk home through the black night. The girl's face was as bright as the stars in the sky. He had never seen her so lovely before. They were types of loveliness so full of contrast that he marveled at the power of nature to create women in the same mold and yet to model so differently.

As they entered the vestibule, a servant came up with the word that Miss Castleton was wanted at the telephone, "long distance from New York."

The girl stopped in her tracks. Booth looked at her in mild surprise, a condition which gave way to an instant later to perplexity. The look of annoyance in her eyes could not be disguised or mistaken.

"Ask him to call me up later, Watson," she said quickly.

"This is the third time he has called, Miss Castleton," said the man. "You were dressing, if you please, ma'am, the first time—"

"I will come," she interrupted sharply, with a curious glance at Sara, who for some reason avoided meeting Booth's gaze.

"Tell him we shall expect him on Friday," said Mrs. Wendall.

"By George!" thought Booth, as she left them. "I wonder if it can be Leslie. If it is—well, he wouldn't be flattered if he could have seen the look in her eyes."

Later on, he had no trouble in gathering that it was Leslie Wendall who called, but he was very much in the dark as to the meaning of that expressive look. He only knew that she was in the telephone room for ten minutes or longer, and that all traces of emotion were gone from her face when she rejoined them with a brief apology for keeping them waiting.

He left at ten-thirty, saying good night to them on the terrace. Sara walked to the steps with him.

"Don't you think her voice is lovely?" she asked. Hetty had sung for them.

"I dare say," he responded absently. "Give you my word, though, I wasn't thinking of her voice. She is lovely."

He walked home as if in a dream. The spell was on him.

Far in the night, he started up from the easy chair in which he had been smoking and dreaming and racking his brain by turns.

"By Jove!" he exclaimed aloud. "I remember! I've got it! And tomorrow I'll prove it."

Then he went to bed, with the storm from the sea pounding about the house, and slept serenely until Pat and Mary wondered whether he meant to get up at all.

"Pat," said he at breakfast, "I want you to go to the city this morning and fetch out all of the Studios' row and find about the place. The old ones are in that Italian hall seat and the late ones are in the studio. Bring all of them."

"There's a divil of a bunch of 'em," said Pat ruefully.

He was not to begin sketching the figure until the following day. After luncheon, however, he had an appointment.

ment to inspect Hetty's wardrobe, ostensibly for the purpose of picking out a gown for the picture. As a matter of fact, he had decided the point to his own satisfaction the night before. She should pose for him in the dainty white dress she had worn on that occasion.

While they were going over the extensive assortment of gowns, with Sara as the judge from whom there seemed to be no appeal, he casually inquired if she had ever posed before.

He watched her closely as he put the question. She was holding up a beautiful point lace creation for his inspection, and there was a pleading smile on her lips. It must have been her favorite gown. The smile faded away. The hand that dangled the garment before his eyes suddenly became motionless, as if paralyzed. In

three or four years back held the key. He selected the numbers and began to run through them. He was searching for a vaguely remembered article on one of the lesser-known English painters who had given great promise at the time it was published but who dropped completely out of notice soon afterward because of a mistaken notion of his own importance. If Booth's memory served him right, the fellow came a cropper, so to speak, in trying to ride rough shod over public opinion, and went to the dogs. He had been painting sensibly up to that time, but suddenly went in for the most violent style of impressionism. That was the end of him.

There had been reproductions of his principal canvases, with sketches and studies in charcoal. One of these pictures had made a lasting impression on Booth: The figure of a young woman in deep meditation standing in the shadow of a window casement from which she looked out upon the world apparently without a thought of it. A slender young woman in vague reds and browns, whose shadowy face was positively illuminated by a pair of wonderful blue eyes.

He came upon it at last. For a long time he sat there gazing at the face of Hetty Castleton, a look of half-wonder, half-triumph in his eyes. There could be no doubt as to the identity of the subject. The face was hers: the velvety, dreamy, soulful eyes that had haunted him for years, as he now believed. In no sense could the picture be described as a portrait. It was a study, deliberately arranged and deliberately posed for in the artist's studio. He was mystified. Why should she, the daughter of Colonel Castleton, the grandchild of an earl, be engaged in posing for what evidently was meant to be a commercial product of this wilful artist?

Turning from a skilfully colored full page reproduction, he glanced at first casually over the dozen or more sketches and studies on the succeeding pages. Many of them represented studies of women's heads and figures, with little or no attempt to obtain a likeness. Some were half-draped, showing in a sketchy way the long graceful lines of the half-nude figure, of bare shoulders and breasts, of gauze-like fabrics that but illy concealed impressive charms. Suddenly his eyes narrowed and a sharp exclamation fell from his lips. He bent closer to the pages and studied the drawings with redoubled interest.

Then he whistled softly to himself, a token of simple amazement. The head of each of these remarkable studies suggested in outline the head and features of Hetty Castleton! She had been Hawthright's model!

The next morning at ten he was at Southbrook, arranging his easel and canvas in the north end of the long living room, where the light from the tall, slender windows afforded abundant and well-distributed light for the enterprise in hand. Hetty had not yet appeared. Sara, attired in a loose morning gown, was watching him from a comfortable chair in the corner, one shapely bare arm behind her head; the free hand was gracefully employed in managing a cigarette. He was conscious of the fact that her lazy, half-alert gaze was upon him all the time, although she pretended to be entirely indifferent to the preparations. Dimly he could see the faint smile of interest on her lips.

Hetty came in, calm, serene and lovelier than ever in the clear morning light. She was wearing the simple white gown he had chosen the day before. If she was conscious of the rather intense scrutiny he bestowed upon her as she gave him her hand in greeting, she did not appear to be in the least disturbed.

"You may go away, Sara," she said firmly. "I shall be too dreadfully self-conscious if you are looking on."

Booth looked at her rather sharply. Sara indolently abandoned her comfortable chair and left them alone in the room.

"Shall we try a few effects, Miss Castleton?" he inquired, after a period of constraint that had its effect on both of them.

"I am in your hands," she said simply.

He made suggestions. She fell into the position so easily, so naturally, so effectively, that he put aside all previous doubts and blurted out—

"You have posed before, Miss Castleton."

She smiled frankly. "But not for a really truly portrait," she said. "Such as this is to be."

He hesitated an instant. "I think I recall a canvas by Maurice Hawthright," he said, and at once experienced a curious sense of perturbation. It was not unlike fear.

Instead of betraying the confusion or surprise he expected, Miss Castleton merely raised her eyebrows inquiringly.

"What has that to do with me, Mr. Booth?" she asked.

He laughed awkwardly.

"Don't you know his work?" he inquired, with a slight twist of his lip.

"I may have seen his pictures," she replied, peering at her brow as if in reflection. "Oh," she cried, with a bright smile of understanding. "I see! Yes, I have a double—a really remarkable double. Have you never seen Hetty Glynn, the actress?"

"I am sure I have not," he said, taking a long breath. It was one of relief, he remembered afterward. "If she is so like you as all that, I couldn't have forgotten her."

"She is quite unknown, I believe she went on, ignoring the implied compliment. 'A chorus girl, or something like that.' They say she is wonderfully like me—or was, at least, a few years ago."

He was silent for a few minutes, studying her face and gaze with the

critical eye of the artist. As he turned to the canvas with his crayon point, he remarked, with an unmistakable note of relief in his voice:

"That explains everything. It must have been Hetty Glynn who posed for all those things of Hawthright's."

"I dare say," said she indifferently.

CHAPTER IX.
The Ghost at the Feast.

The next day he appeared bright and early with his copy of the Studio. "There," he said, holding it before her eyes. She took it from his hand and stared long and earnestly at the reproduction.

"Do you think it like me?" she inquired innocently.

"Amazingly like you," he declared with conviction.

She turned the page. He was watching her closely. As she looked upon the sketches of the half-nude figure a warm blush covered her face and neck. She did not speak for a full minute, and he was positive that her fingers tightened their grasp on the magazine.

"The same model," he said quietly. She nodded her head.

"Hetty Glynn, I am sure," she said, after a pause, without lifting her eyes. Her voice was low, the words not very distinct.

He drew a long breath, and she looked up quickly. What he saw in her honest blue eyes convicted her.

Sara Wendall came into the room at that moment. Hetty hastily closed the magazine and held it behind her. Booth had intended to show the reproduction to Mrs. Wendall, but the girl's behavior caused him to change his mind. He felt that he possessed a secret that could not be shared with Sara Wendall, then, or afterward. Moreover, he decided that he would not refer to the Hawthright pictures again unless the girl herself brought up the subject. All this flashed through his mind as he stepped forward to greet the newcomer.

When he turned again to Hetty, the magazine had disappeared. He never saw it afterward, and what is more to the point, he never asked her to produce it.

He thought hard over the situation. The obvious solution came to him: She had been at one time reduced to the necessity of posing, a circumstance evidently known to but few and least of all to Sara Wendall, from whom the girl plainly meant to keep the truth. This conviction distressed him, but not in the way that might have been expected. He had no scruples about sharing the secret or in keeping it inviolate; his real distress lay in the fear that Mrs. Wendall might hear of all this from other and perhaps ungente sources. As for her posing for Hawthright, it meant little or nothing to him. In his own experience, two girls of gentle birth had served as models for pictures of his own making, and he fully appreciated the evidences that had driven them to it. One had posed in the "altogether." She was a girl of absolutely irreproachable character, who afterward married a chap he knew very well, and who was fully aware of that short phase in her life. That feature of the situation meant nothing to him. He

was in no doubt concerning Hetty. She was what she appeared to be: A gentlewoman.

He admitted to himself that he was under the spell of her. He was not in love, he was able to contend; but it was a mysterious appeal to something within him that had never revealed itself before. He couldn't quite explain what it was.

In his solitary hours at the cottage on the upper road, he was wont to take his friend Leslie Wendall into consideration. As a friend, was it not his duty to go to him with his sordid little tale? Was it right to let Wendall go on with his wooing when there existed that which might make all the difference in the world to him? He invariably brought these deliberations to a close by relaxing into a grim smile of amusement, as much as to say: "Serve him right, anyway. Trust him to sift her antecedents thoroughly. He's already done it, and he is quite satisfied with the result. Serve them all right, for that matter."

But then there was Hetty Glynn. What of her? Hetty Glynn, real or mythical, was a disturbing factor in his deductions. If there was a real Hetty Glynn and she was Hetty Castleton's double, what then?

On the fifth day of a series of rather prolonged and tedious sittings, he was obliged to confine his work to an hour and a half in the forenoon. Mrs. Wendall was having a few friends in for an action-bridge immediately after luncheon. She asked him to stay over and take a hand, but he declined. He did not play bridge.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



The Girl Stopped in Her Tracks.

the next instant, she recovered herself, and, giving the lace a quick flip that sent its odor of sachet leaping to his nostrils, responded with perfect composure.

"Isn't there a distinction between posing for an artist, and sitting for one's portrait?" she asked.

He was silent. The fact that he did not respond seemed to disturb her after a moment or two. She made the common mistake of pressing the question.

"Why do you ask?" was her inquiry. When it was too late she wished she had not uttered the words. He had caught the somewhat anxious note in her voice.

"We always ask that, I think," he said. "It's a habit."

"Oh," she said doubtfully. "And by the way, you haven't answered."

She was busy with the gown for a time. At last she looked him full in the face.

"That's true," she agreed. "I haven't answered, have I? No, Mr. Booth, I've never posed for a portrait. It is a new experience for me. You will have to contend with a great deal of stupidity on my part. But I shall try to be plastic."

He uttered a polite protest, and pursued the question no farther. Her answer had been so palpably evasive that it struck him as bald, even awkward.

Pat, disgruntled and irritable to the point of profanity—he was a privileged character and might have sworn if he felt like it without receiving notice—came shambling up the cottage walk late that afternoon, bearing two large, shoulder-sewing bundles. He had walked from the station—a matter of half a mile—and it was hot. His employer sat in the shady porch, viewing his approach.

The young man drew a chair up to the table and began the task of working out the puzzle that now seemed more or less near to solution. He had a pretty clear idea as to the period he wanted to investigate. To the best of his recollection, the Studios published

Smile, and Others Will Smile. In an elevator of one of our large stores I saw a lady turn her head and in so doing, struck another lady's face with her feather, the lady struck was angry and scowled. The first lady, and in so doing turned her head and struck with her hat ornament another lady. This lady turned her head and struck another lady's face. This lady was annoyed, but she had seen the others, and as she looked up she saw two gentlemen with broad smiles on their faces, and she smiled, and soon the others in the car saw the humorous side, and there were smiles upon smiles in that gloomy store elevator.

London's Modern Fire Brigade. The London fire brigade is rapidly becoming a completely motor-equipped fire fighting organization. Today London possesses 97 motor appliances and two motor fire boats. It is now proposed to spend in the near future \$500,000 in providing 53 motor escape vans, 43 electric escape vans, 94 petrol or petrol electric motor pumps, 27 motor turntable ladders, 11 motor ladders, 5 motor ladders, 15 motor cars, and a motor caisson van, or 249 new motor appliances. In three years horses will be unknown in the London fire brigade.

Some reports are more absurdities, such as "Kicked by a horse about the left kidney." "Died suddenly at the age of one hundred and three. To this time he had failed to reach a ripe old age." "Deceased died from blood poison, caused by a broken ankle, which is remarkable, as the automobile struck him between the lamp and the radiator." Another is reported to have "died in infancy."

The significance of these reports lies

Sick Women Made Well

Reliable evidence is abundant that women are constantly being restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

The many testimonial letters that we are continually publishing in the newspapers—hundreds of them—are all genuine, true and unsolicited expressions of heartfelt gratitude for the freedom from suffering that has come to these women solely through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Money could not buy nor any kind of influence obtain such recommendations; you may depend upon it that any testimonial we publish is honest and true—if you have any doubt of this write to the women whose true names and addresses are always given, and learn for yourself.

Read this one from Mrs. Waters:

CAMDEN, N.J.—"I was sick for two years with nervous spells, and my kidneys were affected. I had a doctor all the time and used a galvanic battery, but nothing did me any good. I was not able to go to bed, but spent my time on a couch or in a sleeping-chair, and soon became almost a skeleton. Finally my doctor went away for his health, and my husband heard of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and got me some. In two months I got relief and now I am like a new woman and am at my usual weight. I recommend your medicine to every one and so does my husband."—Mrs. THILLY WATERS, 1136 Knight St., Camden, N.J.

And this one from Mrs. Haddock:

UTICA, OKLA.—"I was weak and nervous, not able to do my work and scarcely able to be on my feet. I had backache, headache, palpitation of the heart, trouble with my bowels, and inflammation. Since taking the Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I am better than I have been for twenty years. I think it is a wonderful medicine and I have recommended it to others."—Mrs. MARY ANN HADDOCK, Utica, Oklahoma.

Now answer this question if you can. Why should a woman continue to suffer without first giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial? You know that it has saved many others—why should it fail in your case?

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No one sick with woman's ailments does justice to herself if she does not try this famous medicine made from roots and herbs. It has restored so many suffering women to health.



Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

So They Do.

Mr. Bacon—I see San Francisco has a dishwashers' union of 700 members, of whom 100 are college graduates.

Mrs. Bacon—And yet there are persons who claim that our colleges don't teach young men to be useful.

On the road to success you have mighty little time to stop and pick posties by the wayside.

As a man thinketh, so he may be; but as he sayeth, he seldom is.

Successful

In all the numerous ailments caused by defective or irregular action of the organs of digestion and elimination—certain to prevent suffering and to improve the general health—

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.



DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask Your Druggist for it. Write for FREE SAMPLE. BORTHROP & LYMAN CO., Ltd., BUFFALO, N.Y.

KODAKS AND SUPPLIES 156 WOODWARD ST. Developing any size Roll Film. postpaid, 10 cents. DETROIT.

Polarine

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1,536,232 gallons more than 1912

The constantly increasing use of POLARINE by thousands of motorists is indisputable evidence of its lubricating efficiency.

It affords perfect lubrication to all makes and types of motor cars, motor trucks, motorcycles and motor boats.

POLARINE maintains the correct lubricating body at any motor speed or temperature.

POLARINE remains liquid at zero. POLARINE differs from all other motor oils, in that it lubricates perfectly at extremes of temperature.

Standard Oil Company (INDIANA CORPORATION)
Manufacturers of Lubricating Oil for Land and Water
Industrious Workers of the World

LIVE STOCK FARMER BIG FACTOR IN FUTURE OF UPPER PENINSULA

That the live stock farmer is destined to become an important factor in the future of the upper peninsula, was never so apparent as just at the present time. There never was a time in the history of the entire country when sentiment in favor of the development of stock farms was greater than it is today.

Land in that part of the state is easily available, and inasmuch as the production of meat has followed pretty closely the line of cheap pasture, it stands to reason that Schoolcraft county offers conditions that are superior to any other sections of the famous Cloverland. Schoolcraft citizens have not been slow in taking advantage of the opportunity offered them. Almost every section of the county contains a model stock farm of greater or less pretensions, the owners of which are to be congratulated on the financial results of their intelligence and foresight. In no instance has the enterprise been anything but the very greatest success.

In the immediate vicinity of Manistique and the adjacent territory there are several large and well equipped stock farms, prominent among which is that of the Northern Michigan Cattle company, located in Inwood township, 10 miles from Manistique. Walter M. Orr is president, and E. H. Jewell is secretary, both of Manistique. This ranch is reached by direct road from Manistique, comprises about 1,800 acres, and is one of the most thoroughly equipped of its kind in the country. One hundred twenty-five head of cattle were cared for during the past winter and it is the plan of the owners to materially increase the number for another year.

CALL OF THE LAND.

"We're tired of this city life, that's the reason we're going to farm it," explained pretty Miss Fried Dewsan, athletic director of the Flint Y. W. C. A., who is one of six young women of that city who have purchased jointly 38 acres of land a mile and a half from Milford, on which they plan to "farm it" with a view of making their living and laying up a nest egg for later years.

All the girls are members of the Flint Y. W. C. A. They are Miss Dewsan, Miss Grace Tiedeman, dressmaker; Miss Eric M. Rogers, county normal student; Miss Blanche Copeland, stenographer; Misses Maude and Elizabeth Freed, dressmakers.

Miss Maude Freed and Miss Tiedeman are now at "Kildare"—the farm. Chickens will be the specialty feature, although the young women believe that soil may be as successfully tilled by members of the weaker sex as by men. Miss Dewsan says that she has seen many men plow land, reap grain, and pitch hay, and believes it can be done with far more grace and ease by a woman. She refuses to commit herself as to the kind of costumes the girl farmers will wear, but hints that the confining hobble and

diaphanous gown will not be much in evidence. The girls have been saving their money for several months in order to buy the farm, meanwhile studying what experts have said on scientific methods of crop rotation and feeding chickens. Immediately preceding Miss Freed's sojourn on the farm, girl admirers at the Y. W. C. A. heard of her determination to become a farmer and presented her with an array of implements of modern agriculture, rakes, hoes, brooms, shovels, picks, and bottles of worm and potato bug exterminator.

CENSUS OF FARM LANDS.

Labor Commissioner Cunningham has started what he thinks will result in the taking of a complete census of Michigan farm lands. He is sending out blanks to supervisors in the state with the request that they return them as soon as possible, filled out. These blanks, if properly filled out, should arrive at a definite conclusion as to the number of farm hands in the state, the number of farms operated by owners, and the number of operating tenants, along with the general remarks on the condition of farm labor in each supervisor's district.

The new move of the labor commissioner is really the outgrowth of the plan he started about two months ago to have the county clerks in the vari-

ous counties act as agents for the labor bureau and assist the bureau to place farm hands. The blanks which are going out to the supervisors ask for the number of farm hands employed by the month; the average number of months they are employed during the year; the average monthly wage; the number of farms operated by owners; the number of farms operated by tenants; and whether or not there is a scarcity of farm help in the township.

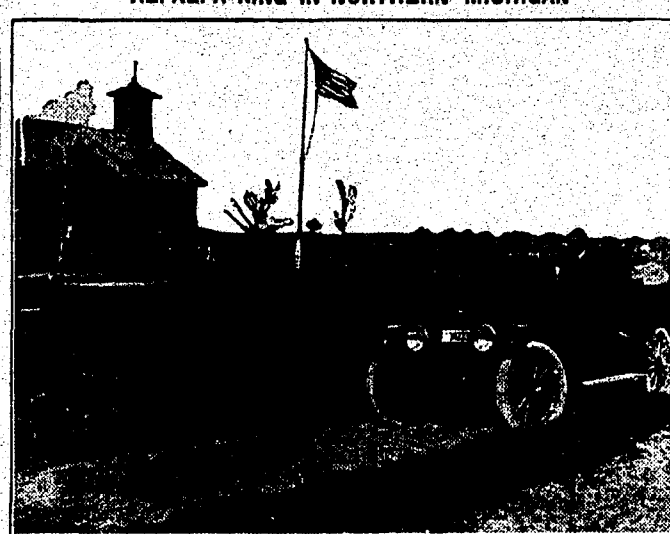
WORKING BIG MINT FARM.

A force of 20 men are engaged on the big 670 acre Beebe mint farm, near Dowagiac. They are living in a large tent on the property and will put in the whole summer clearing land, putting it in shape for crops and planting mint. As soon as arrangements will permit Mr. Beebe will erect a number of cottages for his men, who will then move their families there, together with a big boarding house. A second big bunch of cattle will be added to the 65 head now ranging in the woods. Judging by present indications there will be no woods or timber to furnish a place for grazing in a few years, the land is being cleared so rapidly and converted into mint fields. It will be one of the most valuable mint propositions in this state, where mint is a highly productive crop.

MANY DEER IN MICHIGAN.

A deputy state forestry warden has made the statement that there are still 44,000 deer in the upper peninsula, and 4,000 below the straits. It is known that there are 34 moose, and he estimates the number of wild animals and birds, other than deer, as follows:

ALFALFA KING IN NORTHERN MICHIGAN



Alfalfa Campaign Speakers Leaving for Next Meeting.

Alfalfa is to be king in northern Michigan again this summer. Agricultural college experts, federal agents, county commissioners of schools and private enthusiasts are again taking up the work to the end that more farmers may be interested to the extent that they will start acreages in that valuable and far-reaching crop. Meetings are being held here and there throughout northern and western Michigan, and all the progressive

farmers are taking a lively interest. In the schools in the rural sections where the alfalfa specialists stop for talks the boys and girls are becoming alfalfa disciples, which means larger acreages of alfalfa as soon as they are in position to say what shall be done on their own farms. A radical increase in the alfalfa acreage this season is promised by those who have had in charge the campaign of education this spring.

DISAPPEARING TIMBER CAUSES NO WORRY



Farm House That is Substantial.

Up around Benzie county the farmers are not worrying over the timber disappearing so far as any need of lumber in building operations is concerned. They have been tried out to their satisfaction the matter of building farm houses and barns with solid cement and cement blocks. The cement can be bought in any town or village, and workmen to put up the buildings are easy to get; in fact, they are easier to get than carpenters. In many parts of the county there are numerous farm houses and barns into which very little wood finds its way. Some of the

barns cost more than if built of lumber, but the cost spread over a few years is much less than if built of lumber because of the inconsequential upkeep.

In Benzie township is the home of O. E. Putney, builder of cement. The house is octagonal, 12 feet to a side, 19 feet high, with the chimney 45 feet high, going up through the center. The house weighs 450 tons and is located on a high hill, being a landmark for many miles around that part of the country, and a source of great interest to visitors.

Rabbits, 2,500,000; raccoons, 50,000; mink, 700,000; otter, 18,000; beaver, 8,000; bears, 5,000; partridges, 500,000. In his recommendations he suggests that the killing of deer be prohibited for five years.

It is the purpose of the state game and forestry warden's department to introduce the ring-necked pheasant in Michigan. The bird was loosed in the state of New York several years ago for the first time, and it has now so multiplied that the legislature contemplates an open season for it. Private individuals in this state have already donated considerable money and the land for breeding purposes for this bird. It is a wonderfully hardy bird, preferring to sleep in the open on the coldest nights, rather than in shelter.

For Keeping Butter. Lined butter tubs are preferable to crocks for keeping butter, as with these the air can be kept out. Do not put the butter next to the tin, but line this with parchment butter paper and fill the tub to within an inch or two of the top. Spread a piece of cheesecloth over the butter, and fill the remaining space with salt, and then nail it up tightly. Keep it in a cool cellar, and do not open until ready to use.

Limestone on Alfalfa. Limestone has been put on alfalfa after the first crop has been taken off, with very good results. The benefits to be expected by the application of limestone on alfalfa will vary greatly. On soil poor in lime, the yield might be doubled by such an application, while on other soils there might be no results whatever.

Healthy Fowl. It will never pay to lose a fowl in good health to keep it healthy. It is impossible to make a healthy fowl more healthy.

Good Proportion. Ten hens with one male is about the right proportion. The hen, however, that is fed moderately and compelled to work for a good share of her living, will be found to have the short, stubby toe nails that in her case may indicate good vitality and her fitness as a breeder.

Never a Drug. There is one kind of stock that is never a drug on the market—the fresh milk cow. She costs less to raise and sells for more than a beef steer.

SHOWS WORTH OF CHICKENS Good, Vigorous Hens Have Short, Stubby Toe Nails, Because They Scratch and Work Hard.

Professor Dougherty of the University of California, says in a circular on the hatching and rearing of chicks, that "the length of a hen's toe nails indicates her worth." Good, vigorous hens have short, stubby toe nails, because they scratch and work all day

long, while the lazy or sickly hen does not exercise at all and allows her toe nails to grow unhindered. Of course, there are exceptions to this rule, and it is only of value if the poultry keeper tends and feeds his hens properly. Hens that are sooped up many weeks while going the rounds of shows, or hens that have ample feeds in front of them at all times, or that lack the sharp, natural grit on the floor of their scratching shed, have but rarely the inclination to keep their toe nails of moderate size.

Couldn't Blame the Pump. A lumberman having awakened on a Sunday morning in a "dry town," after a big spree of the night before, searched his pockets in vain. Being very thirsty, he remembered stumbling over a pump in the alley back of the hotel. He hastened to the pump and began pumping, but without results, as the pump had not been primed. He slowly backed away, and, eying the pump, said: "Well, I don't blame you for not working anyhow. I wouldn't patronize you when I had money."

Pleasant for Preacher. A mother sent her little daughter down to open the door and entertain the minister, Mr. Blank, while she finished dressing. When she appeared the little kitten ran in ahead of her, and the tiny maiden jumped up and down and screamed at the top of her voice: "Oh, kitty, kitty, go out quick." The mother was horrified and said: "Daughter, what makes you act so?" "Well, mother, dad said last night that Mr. Blank's sermons were enough to make a cat sick, and I don't want mine sick."

Are Your Kidneys Weak?

You may have kidney trouble and not know it. The only signs may be occasional twinges in the small of the back, constant lameness, dizzy spells or some annoying irregularity of the micturition. But no sign of kidney trouble can be safely ignored. Kidney disease moves rapidly. It leads to dropsy, gravel, Bright's disease, rheumatism. If you suspect that your kidneys are sluggish, use Doan's Kidney Pills, which have relieved thousands.

A Michigan Case

Mrs. J. N. Smith, Chicago St., Buchanan, Mich., says: "While sitting, something seemed to give out in my back and I dropped to the floor. I couldn't get up for an hour and after that, was in poor health. Sharp pains darted through my back and any exertion made me worse. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

900 DROPS

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac-Simile Signature of *W. H. Stearns*

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DROPS 35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Queen Mary of England has ordered that no lady of the royal household may have any direct connection with business "graft."

Anybody can dye successfully with Putnam Fadeless Dyes. Adv.

Consolation. Yeast—it is said that one-fifth more milk will be given by a cow which is sung to as she is milked. Crismonbeak—After all, there seems to be some good reasons why a man should thank his lucky stars that he was not born a cow."

Makes the laundress happy—that's Red Cross Ball Blue. Makes beautiful, clear white clothes. All good grocers. Adv.

New York Service. "Not long ago," relates ex-Speaker Cannon, a young couple came in from the suburbs to New York city to see the Hippodrome. They arrived very early and decided to have a lunch. They visited a tearoom and had the place all to themselves. "In serving them the waitress omitted to supply a teaspoon and the fair young bride whispered the fact to her husband.

"Summoning the waitress, the young man asked: "May we have a spoon?" "Why, certainly," replied the girl. "I am just tidying up, and you can have the whole room to yourselves in a minute or two."—Lippincott's.

New Modern Dancing. The leading expert and instructor in New York City, writes: "I have used ALLAN'S Four-Hank, the unique power-to-be-shaken into the shivers, for the past ten years. It is a blessing to all who are compelled to be on their feet. I dance eight or ten hours daily, and find that ALLAN'S Four-Hank keeps my feet cool, takes the friction from the shoes, prevents corns, blisters, aching feet, and makes me a better dancer."

Beginning Sunday School. "And what do you know about Moses?" "Please, teacher, it's my first Sunday here and I don't know anybody."

Appropriate. Mrs. Winks—When is Miss Hard-cash to marry the count? Mrs. Blinks—On Monday. Mrs. Winks—Oh, of course. I might have known. Monday is bargain day.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

Brewer's Wood

400,000 Settlers a Year

Immigration figures show that the population of Canada increased during 1913, by the addition of 400,000 new settlers from the United States and Europe. Most of these have gone on farms in provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Lord William Percy, an English nobleman, says: "The possibilities and opportunities offered by the Canadian West are so infinitely greater than those which exist in England, that it seems almost to think that people should be impeded from coming to the country where they can most easily and certainly improve their position."

New districts are being opened up, which will make accessible a great number of homesteads in districts especially adapted to mixed farming and grain raising.

For Illustrated literature and reduced railway rates apply to Bureau of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

M. W. McInnes, 175 St. Joseph Ave., Detroit, Mich. Canadian Government Agent

PARKER'S HAIR BALM A toilet preparation of merit. Keeps to private address. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 a tin—everywhere.

Pettit's Eye Salve RELIEVES SORE EYES

W. N. U., DETROIT, MICH., NO. 21-1914.

! PIMPLES BOILS CARBUNCLES !

! ACHES CHILLS !

Are "Danger Signals"—the human system's method of giving warning that the blood has become impoverished and circulation poor. In this condition the human body is almost powerless to resist the more serious illness. Don't delay. You need

DR. PIERCE'S Golden Medical Discovery

It gets to work immediately at the root of your trouble—the blood. It breaks a locking hand. Gets to the bottom of the trouble. Turns the blood into rich, red blood. Every organ is strengthened and every tissue re-vitalized.

Send from your bottle ten or more from your nearest druggist or mail order. Try this remedy now. Sold by Medicine Dealers in liquid or tablet form. Or send the Dr. Pierce's Medical Discovery, Buffalo, N. Y., for trial box.

You can have the complete "Golden Medical Discovery" of 1909—100 pages—sent free by mailing the coupon to the publisher, Dr. J. C. Rhea, 100 N. 3rd St., Buffalo, N. Y.

